The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1875. VOL. 89.—NO. 171.

FIRST EDITION.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A Scheme to Drive Protestants Out of Spain.

Precautions Against a Republican Rising.

Gen. Dorregaray Reported Wounded and a Refugee in France.

Destructive Floods in England.

Troops Ordered to Herzegovina.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Ritlemen.

LONDON, July 20.—McKenna and Pollock will not shoot in the Irish eight for the Elcho Challenge Shield. Greenhill and William Rigby have been substituted. This change weakens the Irish team.

The Captains of the British, Irish and Scotch eights, in a letter to the Council, express the hope that the various suggestions for the match will lead not only to a contest between the teams of the United States and United Kingdom hereafter, but will ensure an annual competition at Wimbledon for the championship of the world.

Col. Bodine, of the American team, is suffering from a cold. He visited Wimbledon to-day, but was not in condition to shoot.

Y. M. C. A.

A few gentlemen breakfasted with Mr. Graham, a former member of Parliament, and opened a subscription with $125,000 to build a Young Men's Christian Association Hall here.

The Brussels Conference.

The *Daily Telegraph* says Russia has officially announced her intention of withdrawing her proposal for a continuance of the Brussels Conference to mitigate the horrors of war.

Presbyterian Council.

LONDON, July 20.—A council of delegates from all the Presbyterian Churches in Christendom met in Regent Square to-day, and opened the session. Many representatives of American and Canadian Churches are present. The object of the council is to demonstrate the unity of belief among Protestants, arrange missionary work, concentrate the influence of the Church upon educational and social reforms, and organize resistance to infidelity and religious intolerance.

Destructive Floods.

LONDON, July 21—5 A. M.—Heavy rains have been falling in Lancashire and Yorkshire and adjoining counties. The river Colder has overflowed its banks. Twenty miles, from Halifax to Barnley Roads, are submerged. Many streets and houses in Tonarden and the Eastwood bridge are flooded. The Dodworth road is impassable. The low-lying parts of Sheffield. The Ribble has risen and overflowed the country for a distance of thirty miles.

Labor Troubles.

LONDON, July 21.—The cotton mill operatives held a meeting at Oldham, and resolved to refuse the masters' terms of fixing the rates of wages. Oldham alone contains 40,000 operatives. The workmen in the surrounding district are in an unsettled state. A general return in the Lancashire cotton trade may be looked for.

Americans at the Presbyterian Conference.

LONDON, July 21—6 A. M.—The delegates attending the Presbyterian Conference number one hundred. The following American representatives attended yesterday evening: Rev. Morris, of Cincinnati; Dr. McCosh, of Princeton; Rev. Stuart Robinson, of Louisville; Rev. Sloan, of Allegheny City, and Schaff and Rogers of New York.

SPAIN.

The New Constitution.

MADRID, July 20.—The Constitutional Committee has, by a vote of twenty-six against seven, rejected the amendments to the new Constitution in opposition to the principles of religious liberty.

A Scheme to Drive Protestants Out of the Country.

SANTANDER, July 20.—The recent detention of Protestant books by the customs authorities here is believed to be part of a coercive scheme to force active Protestants to leave Spain. This plan, inspired by prominent persons in Madrid, is being executed here by the clergy and the Civil Governor, who hope by indirect pressure to expel the resident American Evangelical ministers. The impression also prevails that the Madrid Government hopes to conciliate the Papal Nuncio, and moderates with this underhand persecution, while apparently pursuing a liberal policy regarding public worship.

Afraid of a Republican Rising.

Military precautions are being taken in the large cities against a republican rising.

Gen. Dorregaray's Movements.

The Carlists claim that Gen. Dorregaray has reconcentrated the whole Carlist army and entered Lerida, and that the Alfonsists have retreated from Vittoria, province of Alava, with several Carlist divisions in pursuit.

Gen. Dorregaray Wounded.

MADRID, July 20.—An official dispatch is published in the *Tiempo*, reporting that Gen. Dorregaray is wounded and has taken refuge in France, near Canterets.

FRANCE.

The National Assembly.

VERSAILLES, July 20.—The Assembly, after disposing of the budget, will take up the bill relative to the proposed tunnel between France and England. A private bill in reference to the same subject has already passed the British House of Commons, and is now before the Lords.

The committee of the Assembly has resolved to report in favor of a recess from August 8th to November 16th.

RUSSIA.

Departure of the American Squadron.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 20.—The American squadron, which has been visiting this city, has sailed for home. Admiral Worden and his officers were brilliantly entertained during their stay. The Czar accompanied the Admiral to Cronstadt on his departure.

TURKEY.

Troops Ordered to Herzegovina.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 20.—The Turkish Government has ordered the Governor of Bosnia to despatch troops against the insurgents in Herzegovina.

SEASONABLE SPORTS.

The Race at Erie.

ERIE, PA., July 20.—There was a good attendance at the first day of the Erie Park Association. The weather was delightful and the track in splendid condition. The three minute race, one sided, was won in three heats, as follows: Charlie 1, 1, 1; Bay Fannie 2, 2, 2; Mistress 3, 3, 3. Time, 2:38½, 2:39½ and 2:43¾.

The 2:26 race was a splendid one. Lady McFatridge 2, 2, 1, 1, dead heat, 1; Lady Hill 4, 3, 1, 2, 4, dead heat, 2; Patterson Girl 2, 1, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3; Rowdey 1, 2, 4, 4, 5, distanced; Deception 5, 4, 2, 5, 2, ruled out; Roshan Drury 6, 5, distanced. Time 2:39¼, 2:38½, 2:37¼, 2:37½, 2:39, 2:40¼, 2:39½, and 2:40.

Pools sold lively, every heat making a fresh favorite, the winner being unmentioned until after the fourth heat. The 2:45 and 2:30 classes trot on Wednesday, and the meeting closes with two trots and a running race on Thursday.

The Races at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 20.—This was the first day of the second July meeting of the Dexter Park Racing Association. The weather was fine, the track in the best condition, and the attendance fair. The first race was for the 2:45 class, purse $800, $450 to the first, $190 to the second, $120 to the third, and $80 to the fourth. Pilot Maid, the favorite, won all three heats, Joe second, Belle Brown, Cousin and Miraculous following in the order named. Time 2:37, 2:35½ and 2:35½.

The next race was for the running premium, mile heats, best three in five, purse $300, divided among three. George Rice won in three straight heats, War Jig second, Sweet Bay third, Reality fourth. Time 1:47¾, 1:38½ and 1:47½.

Base Ball.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Philadelphias, 12; Atlantics, 3.

NEW HAVEN, July 20.—New Havens, 6; Chicago, 1.

Fire in Mechanicsburg, Ohio.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—The *Enquirer's* special from Springfield, Ohio, says: A fire at Mechanicsburg, early this morning, destroyed eight frame buildings in the centre of the town. The total loss is estimated at $18,000, with only $1,400 insurance. The principal sufferers are Samuel Mann, photographer, loss $5,000 on stock and building, insured $400; Foos & Milliken, owners of one of the buildings, loss $2,500, no insurance; Chas. Taylor & Son, druggists, stock and building $5,000, no insurance. Robert Jones, druggist, $1,000; J. W. Legge & Son, boots and shoes, $1,000, fully insured; I. Rogers, furniture store, where the fire originated, $300, no insurance; Colwell & Canfield, loss on building and store, $1,000; no insurance. Other smaller losses make the aggregate $18,000. The fire is supposed to have been incendiary.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

Fire in Cincinnati—Explosion of Gas—Eight Firemen Buried in the Ruins—Three Fall from a Ladder.

CINCINNATI, O., July 20.—About half-past one o'clock this morning the building No. 150 Fourth street, near Elm, occupied by Black & Co. as a printing office, and W. W. Donaldson, lithographer, was destroyed by fire. Their joint loss is about $25,000. The walls of the building, which had not fallen from the effects of the fire, were all thrown down by an explosion of gas, and some seven firemen, with Chief Engineer Megrue, were buried under the debris. Chief Megrue was in the second story, and had just called for a crowbar, when the explosion occurred. A general alarm was immediately given, and the whole fire department was soon on hand and at work searching for their unfortunate companions among the ruins. At four o'clock Chief Megrue's voice was heard calling for help. The fire blazed up anew at this time around the buried firemen, but the hose was soon brought into play and the new danger averted. At half-past four o'clock, Chief Megrue was taken from the ruins in an insensible and badly bruised condition. His injuries are not thought to be fatal, however. Of the firemen, James McCormick was the first taken out of the debris. He was badly bruised and burned, and it is feared his injuries will result in death. Dennis and John Pohlman were next rescued, slightly injured. Capt. H. Schildinger, E. S. Spencer and Rich. Holcomb fell from a five story ladder, but escaped with slight injuries. Lee Slocum is thought to be fatally hurt. Three men on the pavement were seriously injured by flying missiles.

Later.

The loss at the Fourth street fire this morning is much heavier than at first supposed. Black's loss is between $50,000 and $60,000; insured for $4,000 in each of the Royal, Queen, Niagara and Rhode Island, and for $2,000 in the Fire Association of Philadelphia, Phœnix of Brooklyn, National and Ætna of Hartford; American Central and St. Louis of St. Louis; Firemen's Fund, California; Northwestern National of Milwaukee, and St. Paul of St. Paul—total $34,000. W. M. Donaldson's loss is $37,200; insured for $25,000, most of which is in local companies. Troustine's loss on building is $15,000; fully insured.

Dick Holcomb was found dead in the ruins. His body was horribly torn and mangled, it being broken in two just below the breast.

At last accounts Chief Megrue is doing as well as could be expected, and his physicians have hopes of his recovery. He is wounded in the head and has severe bruises on the thighs and legs, but is conscious and resting more quietly. McCormick cannot recover. He had one side of his face knocked off and is injured worse than was supposed this morning. The rest of the injured are doing well.

Third Dispatch.

Chief Engineer Megrue, of the fire department, who was so seriously injured at the fire this morning, is reported to night as resting easy. No bones are broken, as previously reported, but he has a serious scalp wound and suffered severe injuries on the body and right hip. There is no indication of internal injuries, but he suffers severely from nervous prostration. The streets in the vicinity of his residence have been covered with tan-bark to deaden the sound and give him rest.

The total number injured, including Chief Megrue, was ten, all of whom are reported doing well to-night. The following were most severely injured: James McCormack, rib broken and face cut; Daniel Cronin, arm broken and body bruised; H. Hambrook, arm broken and somewhat bruised otherwise. The others were bruised or cut by falling bricks or timbers.

It is reported that one floor of the building was heavily overloaded with lithographic stones and presses, which caused the wall to give way.

BANKERS' CONVENTION.

A Large Representation from Various States—Resolutions Introduced on the Subject of Specie Payments, National Usury Law and Redemption of Bills.

SARATOGA, July 20.—The Bankers' Convention met in the town hall to-day. About five or six hundred delegates were present from various States. The meeting was called to order by J. D. Scully, of Pittsburgh, and Mr. Upton, of Rochester, was made temporary chairman.

The following Committee on Permanent Organization was appointed: E. C. Breck, of St. Louis; A. P. Palmer, Albany; J. D. Hayes, Detroit; R. B. Conant, Boston; Morton McMichael, Philadelphia; G. W. Perkins, New York; J. L. Leouard, Dallas, Texas; G. A. Ives, Chicago, and J. H. Lockwood, Richmond, Va. The committee reported the following organization: President, Charles B. Hall, of Boston; Vice Presidents to be named by the delegates from each State represented at the opening of the Convention to-morrow; Secretary, James T. Howenster, of St. Louis; Treasurer, A. W. Sherman, of New York.

The following Committee on Resolutions was appointed: James Buell, of New York; D. J. Noyes, Hanover, Mass.; Luther Bodman, Northampton, Mass.; John Hurst, Baltimore; L. H. Gage, Chicago; J. W. Lockwood, Richmond, Va.; Daniel W. Printup, Rome, Ga.; E. Taylor, Boston; James J. Tarleton, New Orleans; C. H. Chapin, Rochester; John D. Scully, Pittsburgh, and M. R. Brown, Arkansas.

It was moved that all resolutions be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without debate. Various resolutions on the subject of specie payment, national usury law and redemption of bills were referred to the Committee on Resolutions. The Convention adjourned until Wednesday morning.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 20, 1875.

The Alleged Indian Frauds.

The special commission on Indian frauds held another private meeting this morning at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, lasting almost four hours. Prof. Marsh appeared again before them, and explained some portions of his pamphlet at greater length, and furnished the names of witnesses to be summoned.

The Brooklyn Theatre.

About which so much talk was occasioned by the deaths of Mr. and Mrs. Conway, and the attempt of their daughter to retain its management, has been leased to Theodore Moss, business manager of Wallack's Theatre.

Proposed Relief of French Sufferers.

CHICAGO, July 20.—L'Union Belge, of this city, an organization of French citizens, has passed resolutions recommending that the money in the hands of E. D. Morgan, of New York, which was a donation of French artists to Chicago about the time of the great fire here, be returned now to the sufferers by the great floods in France. It will be remembered that a considerable number of artists in France at the time mentioned each gave a picture to be brought to this country and sold for the benefit of this city. The sale took place some time ago, and the amount realized was about $30,000. The money has not been called for, and it was thought this was a fitting opportunity to return it.

The Memphis Murder.

MEMPHIS, July 20.—Ed. Merriwether (colored), the politician who was killed last night, as reported this morning, was killed by a negro named Jefferson, who escaped. Ed. had gone to the house of his wife, from whom he had been separated, and where a party of negroes had assembled, and began abusing her. A quarrel ensued between him and his brother John, who interfered, which resulted in Ed. knocking John down and choking him. While thus engaged Lizzie Patterson gave Jefferson a pistol and told him to shoot Ed., which he did, through the head, killing him instantly. Jefferson then fled.

Impeachment of a Mayor.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—A petition will be filed in the Probate Court to-morrow for the impeachment of Mayor Johnston. He is charged with various acts of omission and commission, the chief of which is an effort to control the labors of the police at the last election, contrary to the law then in force, when he was a candidate for re-election. Two of the parties signing the petition were then members of the force at the time, but have since been removed, it is asserted, without cause.

Mathematical.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

PITTSBURGH, July 20, 1875.

One of your "Items of Interest" in this morning's paper is an article concerning the "combinations of 9." The following explanation of the facts therein stated may prove interesting:

Let x denote the figure in the hundreds column of a number; y that in the tens; z that in the units. If we multiply this number by 10 and subtract the original number from the product, the result will be nine times the number. Our minuend will be—x, y, z, 0. Our subtrahend will be x, y, z. Subtracting the figures in the units column, the answer will be (10−z); in the tens column (10+z−y−1); in the hundreds column (10+y−x−1); in the thousands column (x−1). Adding these together our result is (30−3) or 27, which is exactly divisible by 9. Now, suppose the figure denoted by z, for example, to be larger than that denoted by y. Then we need not add ten to x, nor in the next column subtract one from that denoted by y. This will leave the result of our addition just 9 less than before, or 18. If y is larger than x our result will be 9. A few moments reflection will, I hope, prove this to be a correct solution of the facts stated in to-day's GAZETTE.

S.

SECOND EDITION

FROM WASHINGTON.

Appeals in Favor of Judge Fisher.

Proceedings Against Failing Mail Contractors.

Report on the Condition of the Corn Crop.

WASHINGTON, July 20, 1875.

Judge Fisher's Case.

The Attorney General, upon his return to Washington from Deer Park, received a note from the President, mentioning that Judges Wylie and McArthur, of the Supreme Court of this district, had made strong appeals in favor of Judge Fisher, and asking that for the present no further steps be taken in the matter of his removal. It does not appear to be generally accepted that this will have the effect of permanently retaining Judge Fisher in office.

District Attorney Fisher had an interview of an hour's continuance this afternoon with the Attorney General, his object being to present satisfactory replies to complaints which have been made against his administration of the office of District Attorney. No conclusions were reached. Another interview will take place to-morrow, when the District Attorney will be accompanied by Judge Wylie, of the Supreme Court for the District of Columbia. He hopes to make such explanations as will be satisfactory to the Attorney General and induce him to withdraw his request for his resignation. As the matter now stands, the request has been suspended at the instance of the President, in order that the accused may have a full hearing.

Corn Crop.

July returns to the Department of Agriculture show that the acreage in corn is about 8 per cent. greater than last year. New England has reduced her acreage about 1½ per cent., and the Pacific States about 1 per cent. All great corn-growing regions have increased their acreage—Middle States, 2 per cent.; South Atlantic States, 3; Gulf States, 10; inland Southern States, 12; States north of the Ohio river, 7; States west of the Mississippi river, 14. The condition of the crop is below an average in the New England, Middle and South Atlantic States, the minimum condition, 82, being in Rhode Island. Florida and Alabama are also below an average, but the other Gulf States and inland Southern States are above, the maximum, 112, being in Mississippi. All the other States, except Missouri (103), are below the average, the minimum condition, 82, being in Wisconsin.

Proceedings Against Failing Mail Contractors.

The Postmaster General shows earnestness in his proceedings against mail contractors who fail in their obligations. He yesterday confiscated to the use of the Government three certified checks, amounting to $1,630, deposited according to law by Matthew Draper, a failing contractor, accompanying his bid on route 30,098. This is the first instance in which the department has confiscated such checks. The Postmaster General has also commenced a suit against the bondsmen of over forty failing mail contractors.

THE GROWING CROPS.

Reports from all Portions of the United States East of the Rocky Mountains.

CHICAGO, July 20.—The *Times* to-morrow morning will publish reports of the condition of the growing crops and the progress of the harvest, collected from all portions of the United States east of the Rocky Mountains. The dispatches comprise reports from over nine hundred counties. Of these reports the *Times* makes the following analysis:

Hay.

The wet weather of the last two months has resulted in an extraordinary growth of all kinds of grasses, consequently the hay crop will be large in all parts of the West, and as it has been very generally harvested, and is, therefore, free from all danger of damage, there need be no fear of a scarcity of hay.

Wheat

has been harvested in the section lying south of the forty-fourth degree of latitude. In Wisconsin it is much above the average in quantity and quality. In Illinois and Indiana some damage has been done to the crop by rain, bugs, and other causes, so that the yield will not probably exceed three fourths of the average. In Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota and Iowa the reports show that the crop will be largely in excess of last year. In the two first named States the depredations of grasshoppers have been comparatively insignificant. Unless some unlooked-for calamity occurs, the producers will realize a far greater return for their labors than ever before. In Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Missouri and the Eastern States there is every prospect of a far better yield than heretofore. The production will be far in excess of the consumption. The product in these States is represented as being much superior in quality to that of former years. It is notable that for the first time in twelve years the South will raise sufficient breadstuffs for home consumption. This will, of courre, relieve the North from the necessity of shipping grain in that direction, and enable us to supply the deficiency in the European markets.

Oats

promise an extraordinary large yield in some sections. The heavy rains that have fallen recently have lodged the grain somewhat, and the chinch bug elsewhere has caused some damage, but there is every indication that the yield will be at least forty-five to fifty bushels to the acre, and in many sections much larger.

Rye and Barley

promise well. These crops are not extensively grown, but there is every indication that the supply will be fully equal to the demand.

Corn

is not yet matured in the Northwest. In Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, and some parts of Arkansas and Tennessee, the crop has been harvested, and is more abundant than for many years. In Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio and Indiana the crop is backward, but unless frosts should occur previous to the middle of September, there is no reason to apprehend a short crop. In Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan the backwardness of the crop is such that there is little hope of more than half a crop, but as these States raise but little corn, the diminution of the crop there will have but little influence on the supply.

Potatoes

will yield a full crop in all sections. The Colorado bug is only seen for the most part in the Eastern States. In the West it has disappeared, having been almost entirely exterminated by heavy rains. Some complaints of its depredations come from points east of the Ohio, but more from the West.

Cotton.

Reports of the cotton crop are exceedingly favorable. The army-worm, so destructive to the plant, has appeared in but few sections and has been deterred from active operations by the extremes of the weather, consequently the cotton product of Tennessee, Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and Virginia will be the largest ever produced. The plant is flowering in even the more northerly latitudes, and in the extreme south picking has commenced. Planters are sanguine of a splendid crop, and as there has been no trouble with negro laborers, there will be no danger of loss from incomplete harvesting.

Fruit and Vegetables.

As to fruit and vegetables, the dispatches are not very full, but as these products supply but a temporary want, and there is no complaint of failure, there will be probably enough.

THE WEATHER.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., July 20, 1875.

Local Observations.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Humidt.	Wind.	Weather.
7 A. M.	29.976	64	100	N. E.	Lt. Rain
2 P. M.	29.899	72	80	N.	Cloudy.
9 P. M.	29.853	76	90	S. W.	Cloudy.

Mean Barometer, 29.895.
Mean Thermometer, 69.
Highest Thermometer, 73.
Lowest Thermometer, 62.
Rain Fall, 1.21.

L. A. WELSH.
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, 1 A. M., July 21, 1875.

Probabilities for To-Day.

For the Middle and Eastern States, falling barometer, southerly to westerly winds, and occasional rains, followed by rising barometer, warmer and clear or partly cloudy weather.

The Rivers.

The Mississippi continues slowly rising at Cairo, Memphis and Vicksburg.

An Ex-Priest in Bad Company.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—Ex-Father Gerdeman, who was recently tried for embezzlement, came near being mobbed to-night in the upper section of the city. His presence being discovered in a beer saloon, it was soon noised around, and a large crowd collecting, hoots and yells greeted the ex-priest. A squad of police visited the scene, rescued Gerdeman, and dispersed the mob.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—The planing mill of Bohur & Stuhr, in Cleveland, was partly destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning.

—The Supreme Court of Connecticut has decided the local option feature of the license law constitutional.

—Chas. Francis Adams will deliver an address before the Northern Wisconsin Fair at Oshkosh on September 28th.

—At Leavenworth, Ks., on Tuesday, Rudolph Mauch, a machinist, was instantly killed by the falling of an elevator.

—Nine jurors were obtained in the Waddy Thompson case, at Memphis, yesterday, and it is thought the panel will be completed this morning.

—The thirty-seventh annual session of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of Mississippi convened at Vicksburg on Tuesday. The Grand Encampment is also in session.

—Eight business houses and a hotel and barn, in the village of Walcott, Wayne county, N. Y., were burned last Monday night. Loss $30,000; insurance $12,000.

—Nothing has been heard from Donaldson, the missing aeronaut. His fate is still uncertain. Seven hundred dollars reward has been offered for the recovery of his body and that of his companion.

—Alex. Caldwell, Len. T. Smith, of Leavenworth, Ks., and Flan Von Weil, of Holland, expect, with the aid of Dutch capitalists, to extend the Kansas Central Railroad from Holton to Denver.

—A meeting at Milwaukee on Tuesday night to ratify the nominations by the republican State Convention was largely attended. There were speeches by Senator Howe, ex-Gov. Washburn, Hon. Wm. E. Smith, and others.

—The only other indictment presented in the United States District Court at St. Louis yesterday was one against Col. Jno. McFall for extortion, receiving illegal fees and other acts. He waived a formal arraignment and entered into a personal recognizance.

—By the capsizing of a row-boat in the harbor of Toledo, O., on Tuesday morning, a young man, named Bennet Georgi, and his sister, aged respectively twenty-three and twenty-five years, were drowned. The bodies were recovered.

The machine and chain factory of Chester Purdy, at Bedford, Ohio, was destroyed by fire last Monday evening. The loss is about twenty thousand dollars; no insurance. Several persons were injured. A large number are thrown out of employment.

—There is still considerable uneasiness among planters in the Mississippi bottom near Memphis in regard to the apprehended overflow, but the river shows by the gauge that it will require a three and one half feet rise to bring it to the high water of last spring, when the rivers below were full.

—The Grand Jury of the United States Court at Oshkosh, Wis., has found three indictments against Samuel Lewis, Jacob and Max Rindskopf. The first is for omitting to make entries in the books, making false entries, and destroying books. The second is for felony in removing and failing to destroy stamps. The third is for conspiracy to defraud the revenue. Other indictments have been found, but they are kept secret.

—Governor W. F. Arney, agent of the Navajo Indians in New Mexico, passed through St. Louis last night, *en route* to Washington, to submit a new proposition of the Navajos to the Interior Department respecting the new lands of their reservation. It appears that the section of country for which they offered some months ago to exchange a part of their reservation is claimed by the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad. Now they wish to acquire a strip of land on the east and west limits of their reservation.

Mountain Meadow Massacre.

A Fatal Defect Found in the Indictment Against Dame—His Counsel Ask that it be Quashed—A New Indictment Presented by the Prosecution—The Substance of Lee's Statement.

BEAVER, UTAH, July 20.—In the Court this morning, Judge Sutherland, counsel for Dame, said that he had found a fatal defect in the indictment, which he had intended to overlook and go to trial upon it, but finding that Lee's case would be first tried, and Dame's not reached this term, he asked that the indictment be quashed, on the ground that the crime was not alleged to have been committed in this territory or district, nor in any county, but simply in the Mountain Meadow Valley, without any designation, whereupon Mr. Carr rose and presented a new indictment, which charges Dame, Elliott Wilder, Wm. C. Stewart, George Adam, Jr., John M. Higbee, Isaac C. Haight, Samuel Jukes and Philip Klingan Smith with murder. The Indians to kill those emigrants, and that in pursuance to that conspiracy they did kill them. The indictment will not be made public till to-morrow morning, at which time Lee will be arraigned to plead to it.

The substance of Jno. D. Lee's confession is that thirty Mormons, with the assistance of a large number of Indians, decoyed the emigrants from their entrenchments by a flag of truce; that all were murdered except seventeen children; that the deed was done under the orders of the leader of the Mormon Church, that he took the news of the massacre to Brigham Young, who deplored the transaction, and said it would bring disaster on the Mormon people.

The statement of Lee, so far as known, only confirms previous reports in regard to the massacre.

National Cotton Convention.

Informal Meeting of Delegates at Greenbriar, W. Va., Yesterday.

GREENBRIAR, WHITE SULPHUR SPINGS, W. VA., July 20.—An informal meeting was held here this afternoon by the delegates to the National Cotton Convention. Presidents John Phelps, of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, called the meeting to order, and stated that in consequence of a break upon the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad and the detention of many delegates on their way to the Convention, it would be impracticable to appoint a business committee in advance of the regular opening.

Secretary John S. Toof, of Memphis, read a list of Cotton Exchanges which would be represented in the Convention, by which it appears that since the last meeting the Exchanges of Shreveport, Nashville, Norfolk and Selma, have joined the association, and each of these are entitled to two delegates. According to the classification adopted last year, the following Cotton Exchanges will be represented in this year's Convention: Mobile, Charleston, Savannah, New Orleans, Memphis, Baltimore, Boston, Selma, Monigomery, Norfolk, Augusta, Nashville, Wilmington, Charlotte, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New York, Philadelphia, Athens, Georgia, Galveston and Louisville. The total number of delegates is between ninety and one hundred, of which New Orleans has the most, fourteen, Savannah, New York and Memphis being next in order.

The President having been notified that Gen. Joe Johnston, of Virginia, Robert Toombs and Gen. Giemer, of Georgia, are now sojourning at the Springs, stated the fact to the meeting, and it was resolved unanimously to invite them to participate in the regular deliberations.

The meeting of the Convention will take place at 11 A. M.

OFFICIAL IRREGULARITIES.

Letter from Gov. Kellogg—He Demands the Punishment of All Engaged in Defrauding the State of Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, July 20.—Gov. Kellogg has addressed a letter to the Attorney General, inclosing a report of the experts appointed by him to examine into the Auditor's Office, in which he says: "The investigations that have taken place before the Civil and Criminal Courts, and the investigation and report of the State Examiners, disclose gross culpability on the part of other persons whose acts have injured the State, and for years have cast discredit on the Government. I especially call your attention to the record in this respect, and request that you will immediately take prompt measures to bring to justice all those who have been guilty of defrauding the State, as disclosed by these inquiries."

Bank Defalcation in Pottsville.

POTTSVILLE, PA., July 20.—A notice has been posted on the door of the Ashland German Banking Company, stating that the Directors deem it advisable to keep the bank closed until a thorough investigation can be had of the affairs of the alleged absconding cashier. The notice created great excitement, hundreds of workingmen, depositors in the concern, immediately leaving their work to ascertain the condition of affairs. The amount of the defalcation is not yet known. The poor German people are the principal sufferers.

CAMP SCOTT.

The First Night in the Tents—How the Boys Passed the Time—The Discipline of Camp Life.

CAMP SCOTT, Monday, July 19.

As was predicted in yesterday's issue, the clouds cleared away before night, and this morning opened bright and fair, with almost a cloudless sky. Over the lake a heavy bank of fog is hanging, the top of it gilded by the rising sun and floating away in long fleecy flakes, as if it was being torn in pieces, while the lower portion clings dark and heavy to the bosom of the lake. The morning and evening views of the lake from the camp are beautiful. The camp is facing to the east, and the reflection of th rising moon last evening stretched across the smooth water like a broad band of gold, now and then broken by some boat crossing it.

Yesterday afternoon the boys completed their tents and bedding, with much difficulty. Boards for the bottom of the tents were hard to find, and straw was still scarcer. The latter was supplied by some of the boys with hay and hemlock boughs, the latter being brought from the woods half a mile away. As I stated yesterday, the camp is on a hill side, and as the beds are built up the hill, it does away with the necessity of pillows, except such as you may extemporize from a corner of your blanket or a wisp of straw. Some of the boys are more given to decoration than others. The Duquesne Greys have ornamentations before some of their tents, and at night they light up with Chinese lanterns.

The Greys' first night in camp was a pleasant one. Some spent the early hours upon the lake; others gathered about the tents in groups, and three of them went to church in the village. There was no religious services in the camp, owing to every company, while it thought of nearly everything else, forgetting to bring a chaplain. About ten o'clock the "music" began. Over in the Duquesne an orchestra was playing, while in own camp our boys made up for instrumental music with vocal noises. There was little sleep until twelve o'clock, and the morning call will not disturb the slumbers of some of the boys, for the reason that they had not known such a thing that night. The Duquesnes were motively. One of them in Company C claims the camp is haunted, since he saw a ghost last evening. His mates claim it was only the cats and billy goats which roamed about the camp, adding their calls and bleats to the other noises.

A gun from Knapp's Battery awoke the few who were asleep at half-past four this morning, and in a few minutes the camp was in a state of activity, and performing the morning ablutions. Our camp boasts of but one earthen wash-bowl, and the parties having it in charge placed it carefully away last night out of the reach of the others. Despite their caution it was missing within five minutes, and they were about the last ones to get hold of it this morning. There is only one chair in the camp, and that does service as a desk for your correspondent, candle-stick, washstand and a half dozen other purposes.

The boys of Co. B are amusing themselves at the expense of a comrade, a fat German. He is asleep in his tent, and an artist of the company has drawn his picture on the canvas, and for the sight of the sketch and the sleeper he charges a few pins.

There are a number of ball players in the two camps, and there is prospect for a ball game between the Oil City and Duquesne Greys.

The Oil City Greys are on Hepburn avenue, which is one of the finest in the camp. The headquarters are at the upper end, having a full view of the entire avenue.

At nine o'clock the first guard mounting, and the whole camp was out under guard. Directly after guard mounting was company's drill, after which the boys were free to do as they pleased until dinner time.

Most of the Greys, taking pattern after the tents decorated yesterday, have placed evergreens in front of their quarters, and Hepburn avenue presents a fine appearance. The boys are continually working at their quarters, fixing up the tents and making them look neat and presentable. Most of the tents are named. The Duquesnes are also fixing up their quarters in a neat and tasty manner. One of their streets is named the "Boulevard Fromage," and the names of the companies are posted in conspicuous places.

The number of men in the regular military encampment, including the band and drum corps, is 320.

The streets are regularly laid out and named. They run north and south, and are named as follows:

Company A, Batchelor avenue.
Company B, C. W. Batchelor avenue.
Company C, Joseph Horne avenue, in honor of Joseph Horne, a city good merchant of Pittsburgh.
Company E, Boulevard Fromage.
Company D, Wilkins, in honor of Capt. Wilkins.
Company G, Denny avenue, in honor of Mrs. Denny, of Pittsburgh.
Company F has not yet been named its street.
Oil City Greys, Hepburn avenue, in honor of C. J. Hepburn, of the Oil Creek & Allegheny River Railway.

Some of the avenues are indicated by beautifully painted signs, particularly the "Boulevard Fromage."

Col. Guthrie is a thorough military man and understands his duty thoroughly.

The non-commissioned staff of the regiment have a fine tent, and the members indulge in luxurious style, having lace curtains around their "little beds." The names of the non-commissioned staff of the Duquesne Greys are as follows:

Sergeant Major—James Warnock.
Q. M. Sergeant—S. L. Dunseath.
Commissary Sergeant—Charles L. Carey.
Ordinance Sergeant—W. F. Speaman.

Knapps Battery is located on the extreme left of the encampment and the drum corps on the extreme right.

Yesterday many arrests were made of those who had been guilty of breaches of military discipline and quite a number were taken to the guard house.—*F. H. T. in Oil City Derrick.*

A POET'S PICTURE.

"A Fotographe of the Poete Laurete of Amer-i-ka."

"Oh it's rich, very rich," chuckled the "Poete Laurete," as his benign countenance and stalwart form appeared before us yesterday afternoon.

"What's that Mr. McKee?" was the query.

"Oh it's the biggest thing out. Didn't ye'se hear of it? It the biggest thing out, so it is," he chuckled as he cut a pirouette his cat tails toying with the gentle zephyrs, and a sweet fragrance emitting from his moccasins—the strength of the odor being largely superinduced by the active movements of his pedal extremities. The boys hoisted the windows a little higher, and then made further inquiries as to this unwonted hilarity.

"Didn't ye know hear of it? Havn't ye seen them? Why, they'll be all over town soon. I set three Miners in Birmingham to day. It's the biggest thing out. Ye'se ought to notice it. They're splendid pictures of me. It ought to be noticed," continued the Laurette.

The drift of his idea was at last caught; he had reference to his "fotograph" which graces the gallery of a Fifth avenue artist, and which has attracted so much attention from passers up and down. The Laurette was easily made to see the propriety of having the notice in verse, and as no one could do it as well as himself, upon assurances that it would be printed, he produced, after a long sweat, the following Tennysonian Idyl, commemorative of the "Biggest Thing Out." To be properly appreciated, however, it should be heard as set to music and sung by the Laurette.

PITTSBURGH, July 20, 1875.

Do you want to get a Fotographs of *me*
Just go down to the Fotograph Gallerie
For they have Fotographed *me*
I suppose You all want to *see* a likeness of *me*
Since I have become the Poete Laurete of Amer-i-*Ke*
You can get the Likeness in any Stile *you Pleases*
And Three Fotographers have taken it in Birmingham-*e*
I think You Aught to secure a likeness of *me*
For I am going to leave this Countree
For it is time to *Chime* A Big Tree—
Don't MISS THE Pla*ce*e

CHORUS.

Poets are scarce in the *Land*
The *World* only produced *Three*
So we will go Down in a *Boat*
And *buy* a *Fotograph* of *J. McKee.*

By J. MCKEE.

CHARGES AGAINST A MINISTER.

His Case Being Investigated.

Rev. Lloyd Morgan, a Baptist minister of Appollo, has been on trial for the last day or two, at the office of the *Baptist Witness*, on Sixth street, Rev. M. Woodburn acting as moderator. The defendant in the case came to Monongahela City some years ago from a charge in Kentucky, from which he brought a letter of recommendation. He afterwards removed to Leechburg and before moving to that place was married to a young lady of Monongahela city. It is alleged that at the time of his marriage another lady was in love with him, and that since then improper relations have existed between the two. Letters have been put in evidence, and the prosecutors most actively engaged in the matter are the relatives of his wife. The investigating committee declare their intention to investigate the charges thoroughly with a view to giving an impartial decision in the case. A conclusion has not been reached.

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Get the Best Sewer Pipe.

The best Sewer Pipe manufactured in the United States is for sale by N. U. Walker & Co., No. 372 Penn avenue. No city of importance but testifies to its superiority and durability.

BASE BALL.

The second contest between the Braddock and Neshannock clubs will take place on Thursday, the 29th inst., at Braddock's Fields.

A trick which the Washington City club played or attempted to play on the Xanthas during the game at Union Park a few weeks ago, has recently been discovered. In examining their stock of bats a few days since the Xanthas recognized one as belonging to the Washington nine. It had been gathered up with the rest in mistake, and upon close inspection, a hole was discovered in the end. It was split open, examined, and found to be

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1875.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY RAWLE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
RICHARD H. FIFE.
FOR CONTROLLER,
HENRY WARNER.
FOR RECORDER,
RALPH J. RICHARDSON.
FOR REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WM. H. MCCLEARY.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JOHN MCLELLAND,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JAMES W. BELL.

BONDS at Frankfort 98¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 23½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 113¾.

CHINA proposes to send an Embassy to England relative to the murder of Mr. Margary.

THE Sunday catalogue of crime in New York embraced four murders—three of which resulted from whisky drinking.

EX-GOVERNOR HORATIO SEYMOUR stated in a recent speech that "time had cured him of political aspirations." We thought it was his many defeats.

THE Baltimore *American*, one of the most conservative of newspapers, has now three libel suits on hand. People must have some light amusement during the heated term.

JOHN MORRISSEY says the Democratic leaders in Ohio are fools, and the Cincinnati *Enquirer* retorts that Morrissey is a pugilist, a gambler and a thief. "When thieves fall out," &c.

THE reports of the crops in Nebraska represent them as looking very fine. Grasshoppers are still flying over portions of the State, but doing very little damage when compared with that of last year.

WE would advise our grain buyers to take no stock in the bull ring formed to force up wheat. It is bound to collapse, and before many days, when lame ducks will be more numerous than red dogs.

IN OUR telegraphic columns the details of a disastrous fire at Cincinnati are given. The saddest feature of the conflagration was the loss of life attending it—the Chief Engineer and seven firemen falling victims.

THE Summer hegira has commenced in earnest now, and every train leaving the city bears its complement of those who seek rest and recuperation at the seaside, on the mountains, or amid rural scenes and repose.

THE opinion of the Attorney General of the United States in the Chorpenning claim will not be delivered for a week, a further extension of time having been granted to the claimants to present evidence in their behalf.

THE Salt Lake *Tribune* charges that Brigham Young and the lesser priestly thieves have stolen lumber to the value of $3,000,000 from the Government. Try them for it when the Mountain Meadow murderers are convicted.

ACCORDING to a Washington correspondent, Mr. Randall is quite communicative as to his chances for the Speakership of the House of Representatives. He claims one hundred votes pledged, which is more than enough to carry the caucus.

THE erection of Capitol buildings, at Wheeling, is quite popular, the hundred thousand dollar loan having all been taken at premiums ranging from 101½ to 101¾. Upwards of $400,000 were bid for, th rate of interest being 7⅓ per cent.

GENERAL LONGSTREET is rejoiced to find that the war records of the late Confederacy fully exonerate him from blame in the part he took in the battle of Gettysburg, and place the responsibility on General Lee. Time makes all things even.

WE fear the indications yesterday morning of a coal boat rise in the river will not prove correct. If we could have ten feet more of water so that our coal men would get out their millions of bushels of coal, it would help trade very considerably, and make money easy during the balance of the Summer.

THE Postmaster General has modified the rules governing the delivery of letters and packages suspected of containing articles liable to customs duties, so as to allow customs officers an opportunity at all times to examine them under prescribed regulations. The modification is made at the suggestion of the Secretary of the Treasury.

LEADING bankers in this country have been advised from London to be prepared for the offering in this market of forged Bank of England and Bank of France notes. The dispatch received is as follows: "We believe large amounts of forged Bank of England and Bank of France notes will be offered in America. Caution our friends."

THE simplest remedy for the ravages of the potato bug is said to have been discovered by a man in New Haven, Conn., who finds that wood ashes, sprinkled on the vines, answer every purpose of Paris green and other poisons. The remedy is cheap and easily applied, and we would be glad to publish the experience of some of our farmers on the subject.

SENATOR THURMAN, of Ohio, evidently has a profound faith in Talleyrand's idea that "words were made to cover up the meaning." The erudite Ohio statesman has been interviewed on the financial question, and while apparently very communicative, contrives to say as little as possible about the position which he personally holds, or that which is held by his party.

THE prospect for eight millions of baskets of peaches from Maryland and Delaware, in an unusually sound condition, is a pleasant one. There are few varieties of Summer fruit, when properly shipped and handled, more delicious or more healthful than peaches. With reasonable care in their selection, they are almost perfectly safe, even in unhealthy seasons, of which, happily, the present Summer is not one.

MR. CHARLES READE has rushed into print again and with a good deal of showy rhetoric, intermingled with some sound practical ideas, has brought up the International Copyright question again. It is a good question for debate, but after all, copyright law or no copyright, an author of real genius and power on either side of the Atlantic is pretty certain to secure a just recognition, and be paid both in fame and money for his labors.

GOVERNOR ALLEN opened the Ohio campaign in Ohio, at Newark, on Saturday. His speech, according to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, "is weak and miserable—full of the deepest rant of the demagogues of the day. There is not a sentence in which the Governor rises above the worst temper and poorest twaddle of the fourth rate politician." Governor Hayes will blow all of Allen's sophistry to the winds in the first speech he makes.

THE rice crop prospects in the Carolinas and Georgia do not seem to be very good. The Savannah *Adeertiser* complains that the high land rice plantations contiguous to the Savannah river are suffering terribly from drouth. The general impression is that no more than an average crop will be made this season. An increased product of very good quality rice is, however, anticipated, the larger value of which will counterbalance any loss sustained on the reduced quantity of the poorer qualities.

THE final survey for the Lehigh and Eastern Railroad is now being made, and the work of grading will shortly be commenced. The new road will run from Hazleton, in this State, to about one mile east of Port Jervis, New York, where it will connect with the Erie. The distance of the new route is ninety-eight and one-half miles, and runs from Hazleton over the Pocono Mountains, crossing the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad west of Stroudsburg, thence passing up the Delaware valley to Port Jervis.

IN a paper on "Comparative Psychology," recently read before the British Anthropological Society," Mr. Herbert Spencer made some statements which evoked animated criticism. He had to deal with the comparative brain power of men and women and their intellectual temperaments, and the mental evolution of children. He expressed the opinion that women were more conservative than men, and instanced a barbarous tribe in which both sexes formerly went entirely without clothing. The males have for some years adopted some slight garment, but the women resolutely adhere to the primitive style.

ALL the colored schools in the State of Delaware are now closed, the last remaining open, five in number, ending their sessions with the month of June. It is not yet known what will be the condition of work during the next school year. The principal fund on which the schools must depend, apart from the voluntary exertions of the colored people in each neighborhood, will be the taxes collected from colored tax-payers, under the law passed by the last Legislature. The amount of these, it is feared, will not be large. In New Castle county the assessment is stated to be about $1,500, and in Sussex, $700. Kent is not known, but it may be as much as $1,000, making a total of $3,200. It is feared, however, that much of this will not be collected, and that the amount realized for the schools will be much less than the sum stated. We presume unless the sum is raised the colored people of Delaware must remain without schools.

THE Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, commenting on Donaldson's fate, argues that the authorities should interpose to prevent all shows where human life is imperilled for popular amusement. It says: "We are concerned about humanity, and it is quite certain that our authorities would not allow a bull-fight to take place in any of our cities. We have done a good deal to put down prize-fighting, and we would no more permit a gladiatorial show in a Chicago circus than we would allow the performances of the Empress Theodora to go on at McVicker's theatre. The simple question, therefore, remains: is it right to allow persons to risk their lives in catering to a mere craving for excitement? The best remedy would, no doubt, be the improvement of the public taste, but till this undergoes a revolution, it seems to us that justice and reason both demand the protection of human life against one of its most morbid forms—a form which has always been associated with barbarism or with the decay of civilization, which, in the beginning of Rome's decline, doomed the victims of popular prejudice to unequal contests with beasts of prey."

STATE POLITICS.

A careful canvass of the political situation demonstrates the fact that there will be no material change in the complexion of the next Legislature. In the House there can be no change, because there will be no election for members until the Autumn of 1876. In the Senate, however, there will be twelve vacancies—eight Republicans and four Democrats retiring. Those who now go out of the Senate are Alexander, Warfel, Rutan, Heilman, Lemon, McKinley, Cutter and McClay—eight Republicans, the four Democrats being Playford, Wallace, Rowland and Chalfant. The present political complexion of the Senate is thirty Republicans to twenty Democrats; at the election the Republicans may lose one in place of McClay, elected from a Democratic District. They will, however, carry all the others, as in nearly all of them there is a large preponderance of Republican voters. Lemon is the only man having a close district, Blair giving 700 Republican and Cambria 700 Democratic, but Lemon is renominated, and being personally very popular, it is not likely that there will be any change. In Chalfant's Democratic District probably the fight between Buckalew and he will be renewed, and if this be done the Republicans may profit in Columbia and Montour.

The elections to fill these vacancies will take place in November. Under the new Constitution the persons elected will serve but one year. Next year all of the Senate will be elected either for two or four years, the odd numbered districts getting the longer term. This term, however, will hardly contain more sessions than an old one, for in 1878 the biennial sessions commence.

The chief interest in Democratic ranks centers in the Gubernatorial nomination. There will be a lively fight over this in the Convention, but the successful candidate can hardly be congratulated after he has secured the plum, for it will be but as "Dead Sea fruits that tempt the eye, but turns to ashes on the lips." However, this consideration does not seem to trouble the candidates who have entered for the race; they all want the honor even if it is but an empty one. As the contest stands at present it is impossible to predicate the result with any degree of accuracy. Pershing, of Schuylkill, has loomed up quite prominently within the past few weeks. He is strongly pressed by Wallace, but is opposed by all who oppose Wallace, among whom Clymer, Buckalew, Black and others are enumerated. It is thought by many that Colonel Barr, of Pittsburgh, stands a very good chance. Those who have adopted this idea argue that the Philadelphia and Allegheny delegations consolidated on that accomplished parliamentarian, Patterson, for Speaker, and that a similar combination could be managed in the interest of Barr to defeat Wallace's plan. The trouble about this is that the old line Democrats of Philadelphia want Hon. John P. Morton, of their city, to run as the Centennial Governor. Morton is wealthy, is President of the leading Passenger Railway in Philadelphia, and is popular in Democratic ranks in the City of Brotherly Love,—although he has no large acquaintance outside. His friends urge him strongly, however, and they say he will go into the Convention strong. Then there is Monaghan, of Chester, who is regarded as a pet of Buckalew, and Bigler, the venerable, who says he is willing to yield to the behests of his party, is also credited with a strong desire to see himself again in the Gubernatorial chair. This candidate is generally talked of as a compromise man in case the fight between Wallace and Buckalew gets very warm.

PRESBYTERIAN UNION.

The Great Meeting in England—Church Bodies That Will be Represented—A Proposed Constitution.

On the 20th of this month (yesterday) the delegates from the Presbyterian Churches throughout the world assembled in London in order to perfect the scheme of Presbyterian confederation. As many as forty-eight organizations were represented, comprising the Presbyterians of England, Scotland, Ireland, Australia, the United States, New South Wales, and other parts of the Christian world. This contemplated union of all Presbyterians has been for some time in process of preparation. It was first suggested in connection with the tri-centenary commemoration of the birth of John Knox, and was approved by the Presbyterian Assembly of this country which met in 1872. At the World's Conference of the Evangelical Alliance, held in this city, October, 1873, a meeting of the Presbyterian delegates present was called by the Rev. Dr. James McCosh, and their assent to the idea of confederation secured. A committee representing the State Church of Scotland, the Free Church of Scotland, the United Presbyterian Church, the Reformed Presbyterian Church, the Presbyterian Church of Ireland, and the English Presbyterian Church, met in Edinburgh, November, 1874, and discussed the programme of the meeting now about to be held, and came to several distinct conclusions. It was their opinion that the gathering in London should be strictly representative, and should be composed of commissioners appointed by the churches; that in regard to the English speaking churches, the Westminster Confession should constitute the doctrinal basis of union, but in regard to other churches having Presbyterian government, a general agreement with the Reformed symbols of doctrine should be required.

It will be the business of this Conference in London to draft a Constitution as a basis of a formal confederation. The Committee appointed by representatives of the American churches to prepare a draft of the Constitution of the Council presented the following, which was accepted at at a meeting held in this city April 20, 1875:

It is agreed to form a Presbyterian Alliance, to meet in General Council from time to time, in order to manifest the oneness of churches and combine them in furthering the great ends for which the Church was instituted by her Head, it being understood that Presbyterian churches in thus uniting do not mean to separate from other churches which hold to Christ, but will be ready to join these in Christian fellowship and in promoting the cause of the Redeemer.

ARTICLE I. This alliance shall be called the Confederation of Reformed Churches holding to the Presbyterian system.

ART. 2. The Basis of union is Christ and the Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments. Any Church can, by its supreme court, obtain admission to the Confederation on submitting its creed and being admitted by vote of the General Council. The creed must be in conformity with the concensus of the Reformed Churches.

ART. 3. The General Council shall consist of delegates appointed by churches joining the Confederation, the number from each Church being regulated by a plan sanctioned by the Council and proceeding on the principle of the number of the congregations in the churches, the delegates from each Church always consisting of an equal number of ministers and elders. The Council may, on the recommendation of the Committee on Overtures, choose associates, not delegates, and invite them to sit, deliberate, &c.

ART. 4. The powers of the Council, while it has power to determine what Presbyterian churches shall be allowed to join in the Confederation, shall not interfere with the internal order or discipline of any church, but shall take upon herself only such evangelical subjects as have been committed to the Church by her great Head. Topics may be brought before it by any church which is a member of the Confederation, or by members of the Council, on being transmitted by the Committee on Overtures. Decisions and recommendations of the Council shall be transmitted to the supreme court of the several churches, and be entitled to receive respectful consideration.

ART. 5. The objects of the Council shall be to seek to help all weak and struggling Churches; to promote freedom of Church action together, and disseminate information concerning the Church at large; to commend the Presbyterian system as combining simplicity, efficiency and adaption to all times and conditions; shall entertain all subjects directly concerned with the work of evangelization as following the peace of Churches; distribution of mission work; combination of Church energies especially in reference to great cities and destitute districts; religious instruction for the young; sanctification of the Sabbath; suppression of intemperance and other great prevailing vices; systematic beneficence; overthrow of infidelity and Romanism.

ART. 6. The methods of the Council shall seek to quicken and stimulate public sentiment by papers, addresses, publishing and circulating information about the state of the Church and missions, and by the expression of sound Scriptural principles, and the defense of the truth.

ART. 7. The constitution shall not be changed except on a motion made at one meeting of the Council and carried by a two-thirds vote at the next meeting.

Presbyterianism numbers in all the world over 7,000,000 members, with a probable aggregate of 30,000,000 of Presbyterian population.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

CONFIDENCE in railway stocks is reviving.

OIL OF BURGAMOTT sells at $5 and $5.50 per pound, gold.

A WORM or slug is destroying the pear trees in Vermont.

THERE are 40,000 tons of coal on the wharves at Richmond.

THE Rhine river and its tributaries are to be stocked with 100,000 young shad.

BRIDGEPORT (Conn.) has concluded to use gasoline instead of gas for its street lights.

A MAN in Iowa has just applied for a patent, on a plow, to be worked by wind power.

THE name of the Garonne signifies "savage river." It is from the Celtic *garoh ambuin.*

A GREAT falling off is reported this Summer in the sales of books and magazines to tourists.

SEVERAL horses were made deaf by lightning in a stable in Lancaster, Pa., a few days ago.

THE Sandusky (Ohio) *Register* is the latest paper excommunicated by a Roman Catholic priest.

IN view of the cheapness of divorce, Indiana jurymen consider $750 as a fair tariff for breach of promise.

IT is generally believed in Boston that Governor Gaston will not sign the warrant for young Pomeroy's execution.

GEORGE S. JONES, of Hillsboro, Or., has sent 136 kinds of insects to Washington by order of the Bureau of Bugology.

IN a nest of robins found on a farm at North Dartmouth, Mass., are three white birds and one cream-colored. The old birds are of the common hue.

ABOUT two thousand aged eggs awaited Messrs. Moody and Sankey if they had addressed the Eton boys. What an eggsample for the youth of England.

THIRTEEN miners and four wagons were captured forty-five miles north of Fort Laramie, *en route* to the Black Hills, on Friday last, and brought into the fort.

THE great unwashed of New York are gradually being cleansed. Last week 69,402 persons patronized the public baths in that city. The largest number bathing in any one day was 16,264.

ON Tuesday morning the distillery of H. T. Jasper, in Covington, Ky., was destroyed by fire, together with 300 or 400 barrels of whisky and 2,000 bushels of malt. Loss, $50,000; insured in Cincinnati companies for $25,000.

AT a negro dance in Memphis on Monday night, Ed. Merriweather, a noted ward politician, was shot and killed. His brother, Johnson, has been arrested as the murderer, and Lizzie Patterson as accessory, and committed for trial. All are colored.

A TAME RACCOON, owned by a resident of Indianapolis escaped the other night, climbed into an open window of a boarding house, and crawled into a bed where two young men were sleeping. Every one in the house and a good many persons outside assembled with pokers, shovels, brooms, &c., in response to the shrieks of the affrighted youths, and the neighborhood did not find out till late the following morning whether there had been a murder, burglary or fire on the premises.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings.

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Assets January 1, 1875, - - - $778,251.56

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at office.

Board of Managers—Geo ge A. Berry, President John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

PERSONAL.

THE Grand Duke Alexis went to the Sandown races with the Prince of Wales.

THE PRESIDENT has appointed Rudolphus Hubbard Postmaster at McGregor, Iowa.

EX-SPEAKER BLAINE is expected to deliver the address at the Vermont State Fair in Rutland next Autumn.

JESSE HARDING POMEROY, the boy murderer, has whiled away his leisure hours in jail by writing the story of his remarkable life.

PROFESSOR MCCOY, the elocutionist, has accepted an invitation to read the Declaration of Independence next July, at the Philadelphia Centennial celebration.

THE aged father of Colonel Gildersleeve publishes a card denying the statement made by certain Irish papers that the Colonel was born with a rifle in his mouth.

GENERAL FRANK P. BLAIR left no estate, and was dependent for support upon the office of Insurance Commissioner when he died. He leaves a wife and eight children.

MESSRS. MOODY AND SANKEY have been invited by the Round Lake Camp Meeting Association to hold a ten days' meeting on their camp ground in September next.

EX-SPEAKER BLAINE and Hon. J. W Bradbury have subscribed $1,500 and $2,000 respectively toward the $10,000 needed to secure the $60,000 pledged to the general endowment fund of Bowdoin College.

WM. D. GALTER, James O. Churchill and Lewis O. Martin have been appointed Internal Revenue Gaugers for the First District of Missouri, and J. B. Wolfe and Hugo Fischer Storekeepers for the same district.

THIS very timely suggestion is made by the Detroit *Free Press*: "Amid the busy scenes of Summer life let us not forget that Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, is the man who forced us to lick a two-cent stamp on to the newspaper which went for one before."

THEY say in France that the Duke of Edinburgh will slip over to Trouville to invite the Austrian Archduke Albert to spend part of August with the Queen at Balmoral. Albert is a widower, aged fifty-eight. He is cousin to the Emperor's father, and commanded at Custozza.

EX-MARSHAL BAZAINE has not taken up his residence in England, as the English papers reported. A correspondent of the London *Times* writes that "the Marshal has not once left Spain since last Autumn, and that in a letter received, bearing the postmark 'Madrid,' he simply states that for many months past he has not been absent from that capital further than the Escurial."

Ten Rules for Farmers.

1. Take good papers and read them.
2. Keep an account of farm operations.
3. Do not leave implements scattered over the farm, exposed to snow, rain and heat.
4. Repair tools and buildings at a proper time, and do not suffer subsequent threefold expenditure of time and money.
5. Use money judiciously, and do not attend auction sales to purchase all kinds of trumpery because it is cheap.
6. See that fences are well repaired and cattle not grazing in the meadows or grain fields or orchards.
7. Do not refuse to make correct experiments, in a small way, of many new things.
8. Plant fruit trees well, care for them, and of course get good crops.
9. Practice economy by giving stock shelter during the winter; also good food, taking out all that is unsound, half rotten or nobly.
10. Do not keep tribes of cats and snarling dogs around the premises, who eat more in a month than they are worth in a lifetime.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Park Hair Dressing Saloon.
Hair Dressing, Hair Cutting, Shaving and Shampooing, in the latest style. Also, Cupping and Leeching, at
JNO. S. WILLIAMSON'S,
No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny City.

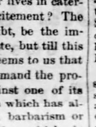
REMOVAL.
THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.,
43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel,

WINDOW GLASS,
Of all sizes, cut to order.
VIALS, BOTTLES AND DEMIJOHNS.
FRUIT JARS,
Of old and Reliable Patterns.
Prices to suit times, Quality and style equal to any made in the country. ap5:p57

Summer Excursion Route Book
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
This publication is a convenient volume of 234 pages, profusely illustrated, containing sketches of all prominent resorts in the United States, and a map showing the routes to the same. It will be sold at the very low price of *Ten Cents per Copy, or Mailed Postpaid for Fifteen Cents*, and may be obtained at the Ticket Offices of the Company.
As a contribution to the requirements of the thousands of SUMMER TRAVELERS who desire to familiarize themselves with the many points of interest and attraction open to visitors, this book will be found valuable, because it so systematizes and summarizes pleasure travel as to greatly economize its cost, both in time and money.
D. M. BOYD, JR.,
General Passenger Agent.
L. P. FARMER,
Ass't General Passenger Agent. q32

NOTICE.
The Improvement of Butler St.
from Forty-ninth street to the east end of the bridge, near McMahon's refinery, having been completed, the Assessment Plan will be on exhibition in the office of Esquire Leonheuser, Butler street, near Fiftieth street, JULY 26, 1875, and will remain there for the correction of errors until the last day of August. The first installment of the assessment will be due and payable at the Office of the City Treasurer, October 1, 1875.
A. LYONS,
JOSEPH ERNY,
GEORGE RENDEL,
WILLIAM H. HILL,
RICHARD E. BREED,
Commissioners.
Pittsburgh, July 12, 1875. 58:t

STOCKS
Dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange bought and sold by us on margin of five per cent.
Privileges
Negotiated at one to two per cent. from market on members of the New York Exchange or responsible parties. Large amount paid the past 30 days. Put or call costs on 100 shares
$106.25
Straddles $250 each control 200 shares of stock for 30 days without further risk, as many thousand dollars profit may be gained. Advice and information furnished. Pamphlet, containing valuable statistical information and showing how Wall street operations are conducted sent
FREE
To any address. Orders solicited by mail or will are promptly executed by us. Address
TUMBRIDGE & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
48 No. 2 Wall street, New York.

VERDICT
In Favor of Howe's Standard Scales.

We, the undersigned, comprising *all the wholesale Butchers of* Chicago, are using the IMPROVED HOWE STANDARD SCALES, and after using Fairbanks' and other Scales, do find that the Improvements in the HOWE Scale render it the *best.*
We use a scale *severely*, and find the HOWE to be *the strongest*, We weigh out each day *over thirty thousand dollars worth of meat*, to the retail markets, in various quantities, and require our *large scales to weigh small fractions of a pound.*
This much we have *found* is *alone* possessed by the IMPROVED HOWE and is maintained after the most severe and longest tests, being attributable to the patent chilled iron balls between the platform and knife edges, on which all friction is received, thus preserving the fine edge of the pivots on which the correct and delicate action of a scale depends.
We also find the IMPROVED HOWE SCALES *the most economical*, not needing the frequent repairs that Fairbanks' and other scales do.
DAWSON & MILLER, PEEVEY & ANDERSON,
JOEL EATON, ARMOUR & THOMPSON,
BAYNES BROS., WALL & JAGGER,
DENNIS O'CONNOR, A. SWERNEY & SONS,
P. D. DYCKMAN, SCHMUTZ BAUER,
WILLIAM MOORE, G. RIEBLING,
O'MALLEY BROS., M. R. LEUDES,
O. G. SMITH.
ONIONS, BALDWIN & CO.
63 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa,
1213 Main street, Wheeling, W. Va.

COAL, COKE AND LIME.
COAL! COAL! COAL!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Miners, Shippers and Dealers in
FAMILY, NUT AND BLACKSMITH
COAL.
Office & Yard--567 Liberty St.
Particular attention given to filling orders of the above coal.

CHAS. H. ARMSTRONG,
DEALER IN
YOUGHIOGHENY & CONNELLSVILLE
COAL,
AND MANUFACTURER OF
Coal, Slack and Desulphurized Coke.
OFFICE and YARDS—Cor. Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at the foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.
Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.

SUMMER RESORT GOSSIP.

To wear out a coat rapidly—Go to a Saratoga hotel, and be brushed four hundred and seventy-five times a day.

MISS EMILY SHOMBURG, the noted belle of Philadelphia, is at Atlantic City, although not in society, being in mourning.

THE Niagara backmen are under no restraint or restriction this year, and cheat and swindle as much as they ever did, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

THE bead trinkets sold by the imitation red men of the forest at Niagara are made by the mutes of an asylum in Canada. The silk hats worn by these red men are said to have been stolen.

THE newest bathing costumes for ladies are made of Turkish toweling, the skirt being embroidered in rather gaudy colors. They are belted in and are quite effective.

AMONG the prominent visitors at the White Sulphur Springs, Va., are General Joe Johnston, General P. G. T. Beauregard and General J. B. Gordon. Politics are abjured by the party.

THUS far there has been very little extravagant dressing at the watering places. There is an evident disposition on the part of ladies to dress plainly and quietly. Fewer diamonds are worn by genteel people, and there is very little of the "loud" style so conspicuous at the fashionable summer resorts a few years ago.

THE Boston ladies at Swampscott have peculiar ideas of surf bathing. They put on the most elaborate bathing costumes, and then run down to the breakers in high glee. A little foam is allowed to wet their pretty feet, whereupon they all scream and run back to the bathing-houses, and put their hotel finery on again. Then when they come out they say the bathing was "perfectly splendid."

THE most disagreeable feature of bathing at Long Branch is undressing and dressing in the pine board structures known as bath houses. They are hot, musty, wretchedly built, and a rendezvous for all creeping things identified with sand and sea. And the hotel guests have to pay at the rate of two dollars per week for the use of one of these disgraceful shanties.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.
Laing & McKallip,
DEALERS IN
GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED, BALED HAY, &c,
General Agents for the Celebrated
HYDRAULIC CEMENTS!
Also, WILKESBARRE ANTHRACITE COAL.
847 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

FLOUR AND FEED
2,000 bbls choice Brands Flour.
100 bbls choice Rye Flour.
1,000 sacks Corn Meal.
50 bbls Pure Cider Vinegar.
50 tons Bran.
50 tons Chop Feed.
200 boxes Cheese.
I have in store the largest assortment of choice brands Family and Fancy Flour in the market, and am daily receiving large lots of Butter and Eggs and Country Produce, and which I offer to the trade at low figures.
JOHN A. FINNEY,
112 SECOND AVENUE.

A LIBERAL ADVANCEMENT MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS

CHAS. H. LEWIS & CO.,
GENERAL PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Flour, Grain, Wool, and all kinds of Country Produce,
155 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Consignments solicited. Returns promptly made.

2 CARS CHOPPED CORN AND OATS,
2 cars White Oats.
1 car Mixed Oats.
10 cars Corn.
2 cars Bran.
1 car Middlings.
3,000 Heavy India Bags.
For sale by
AIKEN, WALLACE & POLLOCK,
185 Liberty street.

INSURANCE.
ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office No. 67 Fourth Avenue
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
J. T. STOCKDALE, Vice President.
C. C. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.
DIRECTORS.

John Irwin, Jr.,	B. L. Fahnestock,
J. T. Stockdale,	W. H. Averson,
C. G. Hussey,	Geo. W. Cochran,
Harvey Childs,	Hugh S. Fleming,
Charles Hays,	James M. Moorhead,
Capt. Wm. Dean.	T. H. Nevin.

KEIL & RITCHART,
Commission Merchants,
And dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.
349 LIBERTY STREET,
Patterson's Block, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. M. CALDWELL & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in
HAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
205 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa
Orders for Shipments and Consignments solicited and promptly attended to.

JOHN PORTERFIELD & CO.,
FAMILY GROCERS,
And dealers in best brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR,
No. 15 MARKET STREET,
Corner of Fifth Avenue.
JOHN SHIPTON..... A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Produce Dealers,
No. 68 6th avenue, Pittsburgh.

100 BAGS D. PEACHES;
500 Cases Tomatoes.
100 Cases Corn;
1,000 Bushels Potatoes;
500 Bushels Onions;
500 Barrels Apples;
50 Barrels Pickles;
50 Barrels C. Berries;
2 Cars Timothy Hay;
Sweet Potatoes, Oranges and Lemons in store and for sale by
AIKEN, WALLACE & POLLOCK,
185 Liberty street.

INSURANCE.
ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office No. 67 Fourth Avenue
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
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C. G. Hussey,	Geo. W. Cochran,
Harvey Childs,	Hugh S. Fleming,
Charles Hays,	James M. Moorhead,
Capt. Wm. Dean.	T. H. Nevin.

PENNSYLVANIA INS'E CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 8 SIXTH AVENUE, Bank of Commerce Building.
This is a Home Company, offering good security to the insured. Risks taken at reasonable rates and losses promptly settled and paid.
DIRECTORS.

M. Voegtly,	C. C. Boyle,
Jas. P. Brewer,	J. C. Lapps,
C. Yeager,	Jacob Palmier,
L. Walter,	Thomas Mellon,
James Graham,	Wm. G. Frazier,
Geo. W. Evans,	E. H. Alexander,
J. C. Fleiner,	W. W. Patrick,
Louis J. Aaron,	
C. YEAGER, President.	L. WALTER, Vice President.
W. W. PATRICK, Treasurer.	THOS. D. KELLER, Secretary.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849.
Capital, - - - $225,000.
Fire and Marine Insurance
Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.
Office First National Bank Building, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.
DIRECTORS.

Alex. Nimick,	Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer,	Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison,	David M. Long,
Charles J. Clarke,	John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Evans,	D. Ihmsen,
Philip Reymer,	John B. Jackson,
H. Sellers McKee.	
ALEX. NIMICK, President.	
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.	
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.	

Department of Western Pennsylvania
OF THE
MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.
OF CHICAGO, ILL.
CASH CAPITAL, - - - $300,000 00
SAMUEL T. PAISLEY, Agent.
Office—No. 110 Fourth avenue,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

Delaware Mutual Safety Ins. Co.,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated 1835. Established in Pittsburgh 1844
Assets Nov. 1, 1874, over $2,000,000.
P. A. HADEIRA, Agent,
Company's Building,
No. 68 FOURTH AVENUE.

NOTICE.—THE HOWARD SCHOOL, BONDS which matured in 1874 must be presented at the Lawrence Savings Bank for settlement within 30 days.
By Order of the Howard School Board.
L. J. SHALTENBRAND, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, June 14, 1875. q23:TTH

DRY GOODS, TRUMMINGS.
WEDNESDAY, JULY 21.
WILLIAM SEMPLE
Bargains in Dr
STOCK
ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS
IN
SUMMER DRESS GOODS!
AT 12½ CENTS, VERY
Desirable New Dress Goods,
Linens, Poplins, Grenadines,
Plaids, Gross Cloths, Japanese Silks,
AT 6¼ CENTS,
Plain and Striped Hernanis,
Greatest Bargains ever offered.
AT 15 CTS., 18¾ CTS AND 25 CTS,
Great variety Summer Dress Goods,
In many cases fully one-half under value.
AT 37½ CTS AND 50 CTS,
Fine Summer Dress Goods,
Usually selling at 75c and $1.
UNPARALLELED BARGAINS
IN
Black Hernanis and Grenadines.
Black Mohair Alpacas, all qualities.
Black All Wool Cashmeres.
Black Dress Silks, $1 upward.
Plain and Striped Dress Silks.
Dress Linens of all qualities.
Dobeges, Plaids, Poplins, &c.
Fine Dress Goods, all kinds.
SPECIAL BARGAINS
Offered This Week in the following
LINES OF GOODS!
Men's Fancy Travistock Shirt,
Fisk, Clark and Flagg makes—closing out at $2 each—reduced from $4.50.
Children's Brown Braided Linen and White Pique Dresses
AT HALF PRICE.
SUN UMBRELLAS,
Reduced from $3 to $1.50, from $4 to $2.
Also large reductions in prices of
Fine Twilled Silk Umbrellas.
Ladies' Fine English Lisle Gloves,
2 Button Reduced to.....65c Per Pair
3 Button Reduced to.....75c Per Pair
Extra Bargains in
SASH RIBBONS
On counter, closing out at 35, 50 and 75c per yard.
Jos. Horne & Co.,
RETAIL,
197 AND 199
**PENN AVEN

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Commercial Bank Building.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, ... $200,000.

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
ROBT. D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

ROBINSON BROTHERS

No. 76 FOURTH AVENUE,

BANKERS.

Buy and sell on Commission GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES, RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS.

Special attention paid to purchase and sale of all LOCAL SECURITIES of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES WANTED; ALSO $5,000 WARD SCHOOL BONDS.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 20, 1875.

There was nothing in financial affairs to-day to make a very noticeable difference between it and several that have preceded it. The banks are abundantly supplied with funds for all legitimate purposes, and most of them have an uncomfortable large surplus for which they would be glad to find employment.

Rates of discount are 8a10 per cent. at the banks; concessions of 2 or 3 per cent. are readily made to the few choice outside borrowers who present themselves. On the street there is an insufficient supply of good negotiable paper. Rates are 10a12 per cent.

The mercantile and other business banks have only ordinary calls, and these at this midsummer season are inadequate to the full employment of their funds.

The floods in Europe and other causes seem to give sure promise of a healthy and perhaps large demand abroad for farm products. If present hopes should be realized, very prosperous times and an active revival of trade will be felt.

The feature of most importance now in our commercial and financial affairs, not only here, but throughout the United States, is the increasing volume of our exports of domestic products, and especially of breadstuffs. This is making important changes in finances and business. It is this that is depressing the price.

"The reports from all the chief centers of trade, derived from the most reliable sources in each locality, indicate much that is encouraging. Whatever an abundant agricultural product will accomplish toward a restoration of prosperity will certainly this year be contributed. The purchasing and debt-paying power of the people in fast sections of the country will be improved, while considerable activity must be provoked during the autumn in replenishing the small stocks of merchandise held in all hands. Other things than agricultural success may be needed to restore universal prosperity. Expectation founded on that basis has already led to disappointment. But whatever else may be needed, it seems hardly possible in the nature of things that a revival can be very much longer delayed. Every day brings us nearer to a commencement of a better state of things. We have all the elements of wealth at hand, abundant and varied resources, unrivaled means of transportation, a large surplus of unemployed capital, a well-tried and successful monetary system, and, above all, a people who have experienced a far worse condition of things, and yet achieved success. It may be that the one-hundredth anniversary of the nation will both come and go before we can chronicle permanent activity and profit in business; but if no worse comes to us in the interval than has befallen us in the six months under review, there will be cause for congratulation. The great lessons of patience and economy and the practice of such business principles as will equally apply to a poor as well as a prosperous condition of trade, will at last not have been taught in vain.

REAL ESTATE.

There is nothing doing in real estate. The depressed condition of the market is such that owners of real estate who can hold it are patiently waiting for a better time, and are making no effort to sell. There is another class who are overloaded with purchases made within a few years, that would gladly unload at a sacrifice of one-fourth the amount paid, but no buyers can be found. The general opinion among those who are considered safe advisers is, "it will go lower before it will go higher." Next year will find the market glutted, no doubt, as the first levy of taxes on almost all the avenues that have been improved under the Penn Avenue act will be called for; then the owners of acres will begin to think it is not a sound policy to pay so much tax on unproductive property, and the result will be a lower market.

NEW YORK, July 20, 1875.

Gold opened weak at 114, declining to 113¾, and closing 113¾. The borrowing rates were 2@4 per annum, and 1-64 per diem. Loans were made free of interest at the close. Governments were weak, declining ⅛@¼ in sympathy with gold. Railroad bonds are strong for Northwest, Milwaukee & St. Paul and the Pacific issues. State bonds are dull.

The stock market was buoyant in early dealings, and in many cases the highest prices were made since the present upward movement began. Northwest common advanced to 41½, preferred to 56, St. Paul to 37½, preferred to 61½, Union Pacific to 73½, Lake Shore to 61½, Western Union to 80¾, and Pacific Mail to 39¼. Missouri Pacific opened at 48, against 49 yesterday, but later advanced to 50.

After midday there was a general reaction on realizations, a number of holders having accepted the profits of the recent advance, but nevertheless the decline was not marked, and at the close the market was firm, with some recovery in prices.

The injunction against the Missouri Pacific dividend has been dissolved, and the same is now being paid at the office of the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad.

The earnings of the Chicago & Rock Island road for the second week in July show an increase of $6,500.

At a meeting of Directors of the Erie Railway Company to-day, Mr. Jewett, Receiver, was re-elected President, Sherman Treasurer, and Macdonough Secretary.

The transactions on the Stock Exchange aggregated 92,000 shares, of which 9,000 were Pacific Mail, 15,000 Western Union, 10,000 Northwest, 10,000 St. Paul, 7,000 Erie, and 34,000 Lake Shore.

LONDON, July 20.—The rate of discount in open market is 2½ per cent., being ½ below the Bank of England rates. The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £182,000. Consols for money and account 94 9-16, 5-32a 95 (85, 107; do of '67, 107¼; 10-40s, 104¼; new 5s, 103; New York Central, 91; Erie, 12⅜; do preferred, 28.

PARIS, July 20.—Rentes, 64f 97½c.

FRANKFORT, July 20.—U. S. '62 bonds, 98¾.

Chicago Seed Market.

CHICAGO, July 19.—No new developments were presented in this market. The previously chronicled quietness again prevailed, and no change was exhibited in values. A few small lots of timothy were sold, but prices were very irregular, sales ranging at $2.30a$2.65 for common to prime. Clover sold in a small way at $7.15 for fair. Flax was nominal at about $1.85 for good crushing spot, and a sale was made at $1.50 seller August. The offerings of Hungarian were light, but there was no demand, and parties having orders to buy could fill them at about their own prices. A small lot of prime sold at 75c. There was not enough doing in millet to indicate any change in prices, nominally about $1.40a1.75. Buckwheat inactive and nominal at about 85a95c for prime.

Louisville Iron Market.

LOUISVILLE, July 19.—Trade in merchant iron and manufactures has been of fair dimensions for the season, and prices are uniform and steady on the basis last quoted. So far as we can gather from the expression of dealers, there is an undertone of confidence in the trade with a pretty general faith that prices have touched bottom, and that future changes will be for the better.

Pig iron has remained decidedly dull in the main, though there has been some inquiry from foundrymen, and holders have shown a disposition to meet the views of buyers, at least to the extent of moderate concessions.

Receipts of Pig Metal, Ore Blooms, and Buck Bar.

PENNA R. R.

W. J. Hammond m	4
ALLEGHENY VALLEY R R.	
A. V. R. R.	2
Keystone B. Co	4
Total	6
CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.	
Shoenberger & Co	3
Loomis & C	9
Jones & L	3
W. Clark & Co	1
Phillips & N	1
Total	17
PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. LESSEE.	
Laughlin & Co	3
Caughey & H	17
Nimick & Co	9
J. Reamer	2
Total	31
PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.	
Laughlin & Co	10

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

DAILY REPORT OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 20, 1875.

The continued wet weather, it is feared, will damage the wheat crop very considerably, and there is considerable apprehension in consequence; the worst feature about it is that the rains are not local, nor are they even confined to this country. Foreign advices report heavy rains throughout the Continent, and there, as here, it is feared the crops will be very much damaged. In the west and south there have been continued rains for several weeks past, and the reports from all quarters are gloomy, particularly as regards the wheat crop. As a consequence, there has been a sharp advance in prices. A very interesting article on the crop outlook will be found elsewhere.

APPLES—Sales of new crop, in a jobbing way, at $2,50a3 per barrel, as to quality.

BEANS—In light stock, and the market may be quoted steady at $1,90a2 per bush.

BUTTER—There is a continued active demand for good fresh stock, and with a very limited supply prices are firm; prime to choice solid packed, 20a22.

BERRIES—Sales of cultivated Blackberries at 14a16c per quart.

CHEESE—We can report a steady demand, and regular jobbing sales at 11a11 1-2 for prime Ohio Factory.

DRIED FRUIT—Is dull, and there is not enough doing to establish quotations.

EGGS—The supply although small, is equal to the demand, and prices remain as last quoted, 18a19.

FLOUR—We have to report a very strong market, and, as might be expected, an increased demand, with less disposition on the part of dealers to realize. Spring wheat flours, $6,25a6,75, the outside figure for choice Minnesotas; winters, $6,50a7,75 per bbl, and $7a7,00 for amber and white. Rye Flour, $6.

GROCERIES—The grocery trade continues fairly active, as much so as can reasonably be expected. There is an increasing demand for Sugars, while Coffees are reported easier, in consequence of the decline in gold. Molasses and Syrups continue quiet and unchanged.

SUGARS.

Crushed	12	Standard B	10¾
Granulated	11¾	Ex C Standard	10¾
Powdered	12	Demerara	9¾@10¾
Standard A	11	Porto Rico	8¾@ 9¾
N. O. Sugar	8¾@ 9¾	Refined Yellows	8¾@10

COFFEES.

Rio Good	21	Roasted loose	28
Rio Prime	24	R. Java, llpkgs	40
Rio Fancy	27	R. Java, loose	38½
R. Rio, llb pkgs	28		

RICE.

Rangoon, per lb	7¾@8	Patna, per lb	7¾@8
Carolina, per lb	8¾@9		

MOLASSES.

Porto Rico	50@55	New Orleans	75@80
Demarara	50@55		

GRAIN—There is considerable excitement in the Wheat market, in consequence of the sharp advance in the west, and rates are still tending upward. No. 1 red cannot be laid down here under $1,33 to $1,35, although we do not know that it could be sold at the rates in question. The Oat market is, if anything, a shade firmer, with a very limited supply, but prices remain about as last quoted; 57a58c for mixed and 59a60c for white. The stock of Corn continues light, but there does not appear to be much inquiry for it; quotable 75 to 78c, according to quality. There is nothing doing in Rye, and, in the absence of sales, we omit quotations.

HAY—The market for baled is steady and fairly active, but unchanged; $18a21, on track, according to quality and condition.

POTATOES AND VEGETABLES—The market is well supplied with Potatoes, and prices are nearly sustained; $2,25a2,25 per bbl; Cabbages, $5a8 per 100. Tomatoes, $3a4 per bu. Cucumbers hard to sell at any price; quotable at 50c per bu. Onions, $3a4 per barrel.

PROVISIONS—There is a continued steady demand, especially for Sugar-cured meats, but prices remain as last quoted—Hams are firmer. But for the fact that stocks in Chicago, Cincinnati and other points are unusually large, prices would not have got down to where they are.

Hams—Extra S. C.	13¾	Lard-Prime Leaf in Tierces, ¥ lb	14
Shoulders, Ex S. C.	10¾	Do., half Barrels	14¾
Breakfast Bacon, S. C.	14¾	Lard-Ref. for use in Tierces	14¼
Dried Beef, S. C. Sugar Cured, old	15¾	Do., in ¾ bbls	15
Beef Tongues Sugar Cured, ¥ doz	$6.50	Do., in ½ bbls	15¾
Bacon Shoulders	9¾	Do., 2 lb cod	17¾
Clear Rib Sides	12¾	Do., 5 lb do	17¾
Clear Sides	13¾	Do., 2 lb pails	18
Mess Pork, ¥ bbl	$21.00	Do., 5 lb do	17¾
Mother's Lard	13¾	Do., 5 lb do	17¾
Laid Oil	1,12	Carbon Oil	11¾
Family Pork, 24 pieces in bbl, 200 lbs	$20.50	Cheese	12
Mother Mess Pork, 42 pieces in bbl, 200 lbs	20.00		

POULTRY—Live Chickens quotable at 45a55c per pair by the coop, according to size and condition.

RAGS—Quiet and unchanged; regular sales at 2¾ to 3c for good mixed; woolen, ½c per lb.

SEEDS—There is some movement in a small way, in Timothy Seed at about $3 per bush.

TALLOW—Steady, without any change in prices; 8c for prime country, and 8¾c for choice city rendered.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 20, 1875.

It was thought yesterday that a reaction had set in, and that the long continued siege of depression was to be followed by a revival in the oil business, but, we regret to state, the long-looked-for improvement has not yet set in. The market was exceedingly quiet to-day. An effort was made early in the day to put up crude, but it failed; it was quoted this P. M. at $1a1,02½ per bbl. Refined remained unchanged. Refined was quiet and nominal at 8¾ on Connellsville cars to go to Baltimore.

The Barrel trade continues quiet and unchanged; countries, $1,15a1,20; city make, $1,30a1,35.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
W. H. Stevenson	Central O W	1,106
J. Bushnell	Central O W	631
B. S. Duncan	Penn O W	707
J. Bushnell	Liberty O W	475
B. S. Duncan	Citizens O W	480
B. S. Duncan	Liberty O W	295
J. Bushnell	Central O W	326
H. W. McKelvy	Citizens O W	314
Total		4,599

SHIPMENTS REFINED OIL EAST VIA ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Central Refg. Co	Central Refg. Co	268
Lockhart F. & Co.	Warden F. & Co	364
National O. W	Warden F. & Co	457
J. Vingston Brown	Warden F. & Co	50
J. A. McKee & Son	J. P. Logan	292
David Bly & Co	J. P. Logan	128
Aladdin Oil Co	J. B. Tilford & Co	292
King & Goodwin	Geo. Rabe	260
Total		2,351

New York Breadstuffs Trade—Weekly Review.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The past has been the most active and excited week in our Wheat market ever known in the history of the trade. The aggregate sales have largely exceeded any previous week, and the advance has been very rapid. The unexpected failure of the English crop in Britain only accelerated the movement, because it was perfectly apparent to those well informed that the crop of Winter Wheat everywhere outside of Great Britain on the 20th of June was far below an average, hence if Great Britain lost her crop, or even a small portion of it, it required only moderate perceptive faculties to determine what the consequences would be in the event of the partial loss of the English crop. The quantity on the lakes and canal is 2,350,000 bushels, of this about 2,400,000 bush. have been sold to arrive this month and 1st of August and all August, and the tendency was strongly upward at the close.

The Flour market the past week has been distinguished by great activity and bouyancy, presenting a pleasing contrast to the features that characterized it during the months of March, April and May, and it seems very evident to us that a decided change in the general tone and spirit of the market is quite certain to prevail hereafter. Now that our Spring Wheat Flour has become very popular in Europe, and getting in favor daily, we very confidently look for a healthy trade here the coming season, as the prospects now are that we shall have a good crop of Spring Wheat. A large business has been done in leading brands of Shipping Extras, in part to arrive the first half of August and at the close; these are held much above our quotations. New Patent Process have continued in active demand for the London market at a further marked improvement, but the business has been light owing to the limited supply offering. The local trade has been active, more especially in Spring Wheat brands, the rapid advance in Wheat giving a very decided impulse to the market. Although Medium Winter Wheat brands have not moved in sympathy with Spring Wheat brands of like grade, still they are good, and cannot fail to attract more attention at an early day. Choice family brands are now in reduced supply, and are held with much confidence for higher figures, as it is now very apparent to all that they cannot be duplicated, and we fear we shall not get the same quantity from the new wheat, though in some localities the new wheat is highly spoken of. City and Inland has been good demand, and on old and favorite brands a marked improvement is noticeable. No. 2 and Superfine have been in lively demand, and unusually active with limited offerings. We have reduced our stock very considerably of Spring Wheat brands, and the indications now are that we shall have a good demand for export the coming season at fair prices, and that this market will be the leading and controlling one on the seaboard. There has been a fair demand for Shipping Extras for next month's delivery, but most receivers have declined to sell for the future. The exports of the week are 50,643 bbls., against 40,990 bbls. the corresponding week last year.—*Tribune.*

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 20, 1875.

FLOUR—Quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat: demand active and prices advanced; No. 2 spring $1,14 cash; $1,13¾ seller August. Corn steady; 70¾@70 1-2c seller August; 71¾@71 1-2c seller September. Oats: fair demand and market firm; 36¾c seller September. Rye firm and in fair demand. Barley firm and strong.

On call board wheat was weak and lower; $1,17¾ cash, $1,16¾ August. Corn strong and higher; 73@73¼c August; 73¾c September. Oats easy; ¾c lower. Pork unchanged. Lard $13,40 August; 13¾c September.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Flour firm, less active, moderate supply; receipts 11,000 bbls; superfine State western $5,15@5,55; common to good extra $5,75@6,10; good to choice $6,20@6,65; white wheat extra $6,70@7,50; extra Ohio $5,95@7,75. Wheat scarcely so active, opened firm; closed weaker; receipts 198,600 bushels. No. 2 Milwaukee $1,38@1,40; No. 1 spring $1,40@1,43; No. 1 Green Bay $1,42; ungraded Iowa and Michigan spring $1,38@1,40, winter red western $1,40@1,42; amber do $1,43@1,44; white do $1,41@1,48. Hay quiet but steady. Petroleum heavy; refined 11@11¼c; crude 5½c. Strained rosin heavy. Spirits turpentine heavy, 31½@32c. Cut meats quiet Middles steady. Lard: steam firmer Whisky lower; $1,21. Cheese steady; 5@11c.

Foreign.

LONDON, July 20.—The *Mark Lane Express* of this week says that the wheat has advanced in the provinces 1 to 3 shillings, and in Paris 1 shilling 6 pence. Flour has advanced 2 shillings per sack, there we have yet to learn the full extent of the advance. Before the heaviest rains there was an occasional rise of 1 to 2 shillings. Last week's sales were only 3,214 quarters above those of the same week in 1874. Every market is so scantily supplied that we seem to be on the borders of exhaustion, though from the lowest point our averages show a rise of only 3 shillings 5 pence. In Belgium and Holland there has been a moderate rise. Even in Germany, with good prospects, prices are somewhat dearer, while in Hungary, where the crop is enormous, they are also dearer. Flour: 44s. Sugar: No 12 D. S. spot 23¾s. Flour: demand fair and prices have advanced. Turpentine: spirits 21¾@21¾s.

LIVERPOOL, July 20.—Cotton: market easier and dull; middling upland 6 15-16d; middling Orleans 7 3-16d; sales of 8,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export, and 4,000 American. American yarn fairies at Manchester are 1-16d lower. Flour changed. Flour: extra State and western 23s. Wheat: receipts the past three days 40,000 qrs, including 33,000 qrs American. Beef: American 72¾s.

ANTWERP, July 20.—Petroleum 23¾f.

Boston.

BOSTON, July 20.—Flour firm; super western $4,50@5; common extras $5,30@6; Wisconsin and Minnesota do $5,50@6,75; white wheat do, Indiana and Michigan $6,25@6,75; Illinois $6,50@7,25; St. Louis $6,50@8,25; fancy Minnesota $7@8,25. Oats quiet; mixed and white 67@75c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—Flour in good local demand, Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family $5,37½@6,75. Wheat: white $1,50; amber $1,40; Milwaukee $1,33. Corn steady at 64@65c. Rye $1,50. Petroleum: refined 10¾@11¾c; crude 8¼c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, July 20.—Flour quiet; superfine winter $6,25@6,40. Wheat: demand active and prices advanced; No 1 white Michigan $1,38 bid, No 2 $1,35, No 1 amber $1,30, bid. Corn quiet and firm at 69½c bid; 71¾c asked. Oats quiet but steady.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, July 20.—Flour strong and higher. Wheat: No 2 white Wabash $1,43½. Corn quiet but steady; high mixed cash and seller August 74¼c; 75¼c seller September.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, July 20.—Flour: demand fair and market firm. Wheat steady; No 1 Milwaukee $1,21¼. Oats active; No 2 48½c. Corn steady; No 1 mixed 68c. Rye quiet, No 1 95c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 20.—Oats scarce and higher; choice 74c. Hams firmer; choice sugar cured 13½@14c. Cornmeal dull and lower; $3,85. Bran firmer; 97½c. Others unchanged.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 20.—Flour firm; western superfine $4,25@4,75; family $5,75@6,75. Corn quiet; western mixed 62c. Pork $21. Butter steady. Petroleum nominal. Whisky steady at $1,21.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—Cotton quiet and unchanged at 14½c. Flour firm. Oils quiet. Butter, eggs and cheese: demand fair and market fair. Pork $19,75. Provisions strong. Lard steady at 13¼@14¼c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, July 20.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Flour firm. Wheat steady at $1,00@1,05. Bacon firm; sides 13½c. Whisky firm at $1,21¼.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, July 20.—Flour dull and nominal; no demand. Corn: no transactions; nominally 82@84c. Oats neglected; nominally 66c. Lard quiet, but steady.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 20.—Corn and wheat quiet and unchanged. Cotton firm. Bacon 9½@12¾c. Pork $12,50. Lard: tierces 14½c. Bulk meats 8¾@11¾c. Whisky $1,16.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, July 20.—Wheat firm; No 1 spring $1,35; extra white Michigan $1,45. Corn steady at 81@82c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 20.—Provisions firm. Pork dull and nominal. Lard quiet at 12¾c. Flour firmer; little doing.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 20.—Wheat firm; No 1 red $1,30. Oats quiet and steady. Corn unchanged. Petroleum quiet.

Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 20.—Flour $5,50@6,50. Wheat and oats quiet and unchanged.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, July 20.—Cattle: receipts 2,625; total for the week 7,837; market opened active, demand brisk, good attendance of all classes of purchasers; offerings about up to last week; prices range on good quality medium cattle at last week's quotations, common and light stock 10c and best quality 15c off; 2,500 disposed of for the week thus far; sales 1,000 Indiana steers, 983, 1,063 and 1,300 lbs., $4,25, $5,87½ and $6,50; 500 Ohio steers, 676, 1,225 and 1,366 lbs., $3,50, $6,45 and $7; 500 Illinois steers, 962@1,172 lbs., $5,35@6,20; 300 Texas steers, 800@1,017 lbs., $3,75@5; 200 Missouri steers, 1,030@1,230 lbs., $5,62½@6,30. Sheep and lambs: receipts 2,400; total for the week 8,800; the market for the week is moderately active; the quality offering better than last week; a good attendance of all classes of purchasers; demand fair; sheep ¼c advance; lambs ¼@¾c off last week's prices. Sales: 1,150 Michigan clipped, 70@86 lbs, $4@5,20; 200 Ohio clipped, $4@$5 lbs, $5,12½@5,35; 160 Indiana clipped, 96 lbs, $5,37½. Hogs: receipts 1,400; total for the week 7,300; the market for the week is active; about all the offerings disposed of at an advance of 35c on Yorkers and 25@30c on heavy hogs; Yorkers $7,60@7,75, with an active demand; heavy $7,55@7,75, fair demand.

WATERTOWN, July 20.—Cattle: receipts 849 head; market active, western cattle costing owners a shade higher at the west, and they had to be sold at about a shilling per cwt advance to make owners whole; northern supply light, less than half as many as last week; quality mostly medium to fine grades; sales of the same at $10,75@11; extra $10@1050; first quality $9,50@9,75; second $7@7,75; third $6@7. Sheep and lambs: receipts 2,677 head; full prices were obtained; 8@8¼c extreme on lambs; nearly 700 lambs from Canada, which are the first from that section this season; sales of shop in lots at $2@3 each; extra $2,25@5,50; spring lambs $6@8,25.

CHICAGO, July 20.—Cattle: receipts 3,500; fairly active and firm at full prices; stockers and butchers 3@4c; Texans $2,75@4,25; common to extra shipping $4,75@6,55; calves $3,50@4,50; shipments 1,800. Hogs: receipts 14,000; active shipping demand, under which prices advanced 10 cts; inferior heavy to choice light $6,30@6,55; chiefly $7,25@7,50; shipments 3,270. Sheep: receipts 500; better demand and higher; sales at $2,75@5,00; chiefly $3,62½@4,50.

NEW ORLEANS, July 20.—Cotton: sales 105 bales; prices lower; good ordinary to strict good ordinary 12¼@13¼c; low middling to strict low middling 13¾@14¾c; middling to strict middling 14¾@15¼c; good middling 15¾@15¾c; receipt 139 bales; exports 825 bales; stock 34,462 bales.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Cotton irregular and weak; futures closed weak; July 14 17-32@14 9-16c; August 14 9-16@14 19-32c; September 14 11-32@14¾c; October 14 3-32c; November 14 1-32c; January 14 5-32@14 3-16c; February 14 11-32@14¾c; March 14 9-16a14 19-32c; April 14¾a14 13-16c; May 14 15-16c.

MEMPHIS, July 20.—Cotton dull but holders not willing to make concessions. Middling 14¾. Sales 200. Receipts 9.

GALVESTON, Texas, July 20.—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings 14¼c; low middlings 13c; ordinary 12¾c. Net receipts 92 bales, gross 83 bales. Exports coastwise 7 bales. Sales 75 bales.

Wool.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—Wool is in moderate demand, and prices remain firm. The supply of all qualities is fair, but not large. Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia XX and above 48a50c; X 43a45c; medium 50a52c; coarse 46a48c. New York, Michigan, Indiana and Western fine 46a48c; medium 50a51c; coarse 45a49c; combing washed 58a60c; combing unwashed 42¼c; fine unwashed 32a33c; coarse and medium unwashed 34½a37c; tub washed 49a52½c; extra and medium pulled 40a42c; No. 1 and super pulled 46a48c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Business was slow with commission houses and importers, and the jobbing trade was dull. Cotton goods are quiet, and Indian Head standard sheetings are reduced to 10c. Cotton flannels are in fair demand. Low-priced chocolate prints are in steady request. Other descriptions are dull. Kentucky jeans and repellants are doing well, and fancy cassimeres, suitings and worsted coatings are in steady request.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.—3 cars cooperage, R. D. Moore; 1 do, C. A. Wormsdle; 1 do, Citizens Ref. Co; 2 cars shoulders, E. H. Myers & Co; 1 car brick, J. & J. M. Porter; 2 cars sand, Speer C. & Co; 1 car brick, Blair Iron & Steel Co; 2 cars coal, N. J. Bigley; 4 do, Everson McC & Co; 4 do, H. Lisle & Co; 2 do, W. Moore; 1 car coke, J. S. Deuning; 10 do coal, Pgh Gas Co; 48 sks rags, A. Hess; 1 sk sacks, Voigt M. & Co; 178 bdls paper, Markle & Co; 60 bdls shucks, M. Cochrane & Co; 20 bdls sheet iron, Whinney & Co; 20 bdls sheet iron, 9 pipe, W. F. Armstrong; 1 pc pipe, Cochran Bro; 1 ¾ ck wine, H. Stern; 1 bbl cement, D. W. Boyd; 3 bxs d goods; Mary McCains; 4 bbls flour, J. Dobson; 2 bxs paper, Wm. Debacher; 2 machines, Howe's Sewing Machine Co; 5 bbls grease, 12 brake shoes, J. E. Sampsell; 1 keg mdse, J. B. Jackson; 3 bbls syrup, P. Moon; 8 do fruit, 49 do potatoes, Aiken W. & P; 47 do, Wilbert & W; 4 bundles paper, A. C. Bakewell; 1 box box mdse, Boggs & B; 1 do do, H. Boyne; 15 barrels apples, 1 cs potatoes, J. A. Graff; 3 bags coffee, 1 box pepper, C. Kennewig; 3 bags coffee, E. Rohrbaste; 1 box solder, O. F. Alter; 4 bbls vegetables, Thos. Whelan; 200 do potatoes; 2 bxs fruit, Voigt M. & Co; 20 do do, Head C. & Co; 10 barrels potatoes, Caskey & B; 30 do do, Brown C. & Co; 106 do do, W. J. Steel; 53 cases shoes, Gill Bros; 100 pkgs fish, Arbuckles & Co; 133 do do, E. Ewart & Co; 25 do do, Ingersoll & Co; 223 bags coffee, J. S. Dilworth; 19 bbls sugar, P. H. Hunker; 19 do salt, Loehbe Bros; 20 do do, Watt L. & Co; 300 bags, 27 bbls flour, 2 bbls drugs, and 1 do Voskamp; 3 do do, F. W. Jenkins; 1 do do, Shomaker & Co; 25 bbls sugar, Hostetter & C; 1 cask rice, S. Lindsay & Co; 30 bundles f wire, J. Dalzell & Co; 10 bags nails, United States; 2 stoves, 3 bxs hardware, for Cloverport; 10 kegs soda, 35 bxs glassware, for Evansville; 64 springs, 40 kegs horseshoes, 1 box sundries, for Smith, Lafro on the Indiana D. Parker, and 5 bxs fruit jars, 25 pkgs glassware, 5 cks crockery ware, 4,000 bdls cotton ties for New Orleans, on the Indiana Engineer Thomas Cook has retired from the James D. Parker to engineer the United States Light-house steamer. The chief engineer of the C. B. Church takes charge of the Parker's machinery.....James Howard & Co, Jeffersonville, have contracted with Captain O. B. Steel for a new boat for the Onachita trade.....The Postmaster at New Orleans announces that arrangements have been perfected with the Vicksburg Packet Company to carry the river mails three times each week, leaving Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.....John P. Keiser is the name of the new tug just completed at St. Louis for the Lewis Coal Company. Captain John P. Keiser is Superintendent of the Anchor Line at St. Louis. She is 80 feet in length by 16 feet beam and 10 feet depth of hold. There are two pumps, one of peculiar structure, and is so arranged so as to work the capstan and throw a tremendous stream of water at the same time. The power consists of a battery of two boilers 14 feet in length by 36 inches in diameter, each having five flues. Two cylinders 14 inches in diameter by 20 inches stroke, driving a 7-foot propeller wheel.....The Kittie Hegler was left on the bank Saturday night by the receding river, but was pulled off soon after by the Champion No. 4. The Champion also caught a sand barge, belonging to Jay Gardner, which broke loose from its moorings, and was floating down the river.....The James D. Parker will not go on the ways, as the injury which she sustained is slight, and can be repaired at the wharf without inconvenience or loss of time, and the boat be made as sound as ever. Captain B. Frank Pierce is superintending the repairs.

Mississippi Steamboat Racing.

Racing was royal fun. The public always had an idea that racing was dangerous, whereas the very opposite was the case—that is, after the laws were passed which restricted each boat to so many pounds of steam to the square inch. No engineer was ever sleepy or careless when his heart was in a race. He was constantly on the alert, trying safety-cocks and watching things. The dangerous place was on slow popular boats, where the engineers drowsed around and allowed chips to get into the "doctor" and shut off the water supply from the boilers. In "flush times" of steamboating a race between two notoriously fleet steamers was an event of vast importance. The date was set for it several weeks in advance, and from that time forward the whole Mississippi Valley was in a state of consuming excitement. Politics and the weather were dropped, and the people talked only of the coming race. As the time approached the two steamers "stripped" and got ready. Every incumbrance that added weight or exposed a resisting surface to wind or water was removed, if the boat could possibly do without it. The "spars," and sometimes even their supporting derricks were sent ashore and no means left to set the boat afloat in case she got aground. When the Eclipse and the A. L. Shotwell ran their great race twenty-two years ago, it was said that pains were taken to scrape the gilding off the fanciful device which hung between the Eclipse's chimneys, and that for that one trip the Captain left off his kid gloves and had his head shaved. But I always doubted these things. If the boat was known to make her best speed when drawing five and a half feet forward and five aft, she was carefully loaded to the exact figure—she wouldn't enter a dose of homeopathic pills on her manifest after that. Hardly any passengers were taken, because they not only add weight, but they never will "trim boat." They always run to the side when there is anything to see, whereas a conscientious and experienced steamboatman would stick to the centre of the boat and part his hair in the middle with a spirit level.—*Mark Twain in the August Atlantic.*

(For Latest River Dispatches see Fourth Page.)

RIVER PACKETS.

For Louisville, Evansville, Paducah, Cairo, St. Louis, Galena, Dubuque and St. Paul.

SATURDAY, 24th INST., POSITIVELY,

THE STEAMER

WILD DUCK AND BARGES.

C. F. ADAMS.....Master
W. R. WHERRY.....Clerk

Will leave for above and intermediate ports, giving through rates to all points South and West.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
GEO. H. GHRIEST, or
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Agts.

For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis

Giving through receipts for all points on the Upper Mississippi an I Missouri Rivers. Also Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

THIS DAY, JULY 21, at 4 P. M.,

THE ELEGANT PASSENGER STEAMER

FANNIE TATUM.

JOHN A. WILLIAMS.....Master
JAMES GREENOUGH.....Clerk

Will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
GEO. H. GHRIEST, Agent.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

THIS DAY, July 21—4 P. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER,

EXCHANGE.

SAM SHUMAN.....Master
WM. HARBISON.....Clerk

Will leave as announced above.

The Exchange will receipt through to all principal points South and West.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. B. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

FINANCIAL.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,

OF ALLEGHENY,

No. 171 Federal Street.

CAPITAL, ... $200,000.

DISCOUNT EVERY DAY.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.
J. W. HALL, Vice President.

Simon Drum, D. Macferron
Geo. D. Riddle, R. H. Knox,
R. W. Cartwright.

JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.

HOBOKEN SAVINGS BANK

LIBERTY STREET.

Corner Sixth avenue.

CAPITAL, : - - $200,000

DIRECTORS.

W. A. Reed, R. Robinson,
Jacob Ihm, William Freeman,
S. H. Nesbit, R. M. Leonard,
Paul H. Hacke.

President—R. ROBINSON.
Vice President—P. H. HACKE.
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A general Banking business conducted. Interest paid on time deposits. Deposits received in any amount from $1 upward. Accounts solicited.

Bank open from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturdays from 6 to 8 P. M.

Allegheny National Bank,

OF PITTSBURGH.

No. 33 Fifth Avenue.

CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.

J. W. COOK, President.
R. W. MACKEY, Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

Of Pittsburgh,

83 Fourth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CASH CAPITAL, ... $300,000.

INCORPORATED 1866.

Office: No. 83 Fourth Avenue,

(In Safe Deposit Co.'s Building.)

President—HENRY LLOYD.
Vice President—W. H. REA.

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Samuel Wightman, R. W. Hartley,
R. H. Hartley, Geo. F. Wallman,
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DAILY GAZETTE.

Circulation, 15,800.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The current issue of the WEEKLY GAZETTE is for sale on our counter to-day. It contains a complete resume of local and general news, telegraphic intelligence from every part of the world, commercial, financial, oil and cattle market reports, and editorials on all the leading topics of the day; altogether, thirty-six columns of choice reading matter, embracing subjects of interest to the lawyer, the doctor, the merchant, the mechanic, the farmer, and the family. The reputation of the GAZETTE is so thoroughly established, especially in the correctness of its commercial and market reports, that it has gained a circulation

The Largest in Western Pennsylvania.

It is, at the same time, the cheapest in the list of weeklies of its grade. The subscription and club rates are as follows:

TERMS—Single copy, $1.75; clubs of five, $1.50, clubs of ten, 1.40; this includes postage paid by the publishers. A copy of the WEEKLY GAZETTE will be sent free to the party who acts as agent, for every ten numbers paid for.

Its especial merits are:

It contains the Latest News from all parts of the World.

Its Market Reports are prepared especially and exclusively for this journal, and are the only reliable ones published in Pittsburgh.

It is especially adapted for the Farmer, Mechanic, Merchant and general Family use.

The large circulation of the GAZETTE is attributable to the recognition of its merits, and not to the efforts of canvassers who make a business of securing names on a percentage. Postmasters in many points have acted for us, and these alone are our accredited agents. All desirous of receiving the best Weekly published in Pittsburgh should subscribe at once FOR THE GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

The Gazette for the Summer.

Persons leaving the city for the summer can have the Daily GAZETTE sent to them by mail, by leaving their orders at the counting-room.

Fourteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry.

A meeting of the members of the above regiment will be held in the reception room, Municipal Hall, Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, July 27, 1875, at 7½ P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements for a reunion.

Stoning a Train.

Last evening, as a passenger train was coming west, over the P. R. R., some villains threw a stone through a window of one of the passenger coaches, near Ligonier, but fortunately it struck no one. The window glass was smashed into atoms.

The Fare to Chautauqua.

In making a note of the Chautauqua Assembly, yesterday, we put the price of excursion tickets at $8.20, which was just one dollar too high. The fare will be $7.20 for the round trip. Those who contemplate visiting the Assembly will be pleased to learn that the rates are to be so very reasonable.

Pennsylvania Military Academy.

We have received the circular of this Academy for the year commencing September 8th. The fine graduating class of eighteen members who have just taken the degree of Civil Engineer, after completing their four years' course at this institution, with the large increased number now under grade classes, sufficiently indicates its highly prosperous condition. Col. Hyatt, the President, is stopping at the Monongahela House, on a visit to his patrons in this city.

Collision.

About noon yesterday two horses attached to a milk wagon ran off on Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny, and turned into Fourth street, where the wagon collided with a Western avenue car, and the horses broke loose from the wagon and then they ran against another car. As the milkwagon collided with the car the driver of the wagon was thrown out and considerably bruised. The horses were caught before any further damage was done.

Recaptured and Discharged.

On last Friday evening a young man named Mike Welsh was arrested by officer Frost at the Citizens' Gallery, for attempting to incite a riot. On the next morning he managed to slip out of the Mayor's office during the morning hearing. Last evening officer Frost recaptured him and took him before the Mayor, but as his parents interceded for him and promised to make him behave better, his Honor discharged him.

Robbed in the Park.

About two o'clock yesterday morning Officer Mitchell, of Allegheny, found a man sleeping upon one of the benches in the Park, near the Penitentiary. He awakened him and told him he had better not sleep there or he would be robbed. The man reached out his hand to get his watch when he found that it was gone, and upon further examination he found that $6 in cash had gone also, along with the watch. He gave his name as Bradley, and said that he lived at Sharon.

Thrown out of a Wagon.

About ten o'clock yesterday morning a severe accident occurred to an old German lady, at the corner of Union avenue and East Diamond street, Allegheny. She was seated on a rocking chair in the rear part of a wagon, and as the wagon was turning the corner the lady was thrown forward, on one side, which caused the rocking chair occupied by the old lady to upset, and she was thrown out on the street on her head. She received a severe cut on the head and a number of severe bruises, but her injuries are not considered of a serious nature.

Sunday School Meeting.

An interesting Sunday school meeting was held last Sabbath evening, in the Valley Presbyterian church, Findley township. William Thompson, Esq., presided. Addresses were made by Messrs. J. D. Carlisle and L. H. Eaton, of the County Executive Committee, Rev. Mr. Stonecypher, Rev. J. Cornelius, of Oakdale, and Rev. Wm. Hamilton, pastor of the church. The congregation was large and attentive, and represented six or seven schools, some of them coming a distance of five miles. The exercises were deeply interesting, and the meeting was a complete success. The choir sang a charming manner, sang several of our sweetest Sunday School hymns. All present were delighted, and expressed a desire to have another meeting of the kind once a month hence. This is the first of a series of meetings to be held in different parts of this county, under the auspices of the Sabbath School Association. Members of the the Executive Committee and prominent Sunday school workers are prepared to attend meetings of this kind whenever their services are needed. Application may be made to J. H. Baldwin, chairman, J. D. Carlisle, T. J. Gillespie, or any member of the committee.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Foot Cut Off by a Printing Press.

About three o'clock yesterday afternoon an accident occurred in the job printing office of Dickson & McKallip, by which a boy had one of his feet cut off. The boy, whose name is Cameron, came to this city from Philadelphia on Monday and obtained a position in Dickson & McKallip's job office as "feed" boy—to feed the papers to the press. While at work yesterday afternoon he placed his foot on the inside of the frame of one of the presses, the iron bed of which as it ran to the back part of the press, completely cut the foot from the leg at the ankle. Dr. Dickson was at once called in and the leg dressed, after which the boy was removed to the West Pennsylvania Hospital.

BURRS BAGGED.

Breathing the Air of Liberty Too Soon

On the morning of June 12th a man named Daniel Burrs was fined $25 and costs by Mayor Phillips for disorderly conduct, and as he was unable to pay the fine and costs he was committed to the Work House for sixty days, and detective Miller escorted him to that institution. Yesterday afternoon as detectives Miller and Scott were walking along Federal street, the former espied Burrs walking along the street, and as he knew that his term of imprisonment had not yet expired, he at once arrested him. Burrs says that he was discharged from the Work House, but as not much more than half of the term for which he was committed has expired, it is believed that he has escaped from the Work House. He will be taken back to that institution this morning.

BOY DROWNED.

A Fatal Dive Under a Coal Barge—The Body Recovered.

About twelve o'clock yesterday a party of small boys went into the Monongahela river to take a swim, in the vicinity of the Pan Handle Railroad bridge. After the lads had been in the water about half an hour, they thought they would have a little sport diving under a coal barge which was floating in the river near by. A little fellow by the name of Thomas Campbell, aged eleven years, made a plunge and went under the barge, but failed to rise again. Although every effort was made to rescue him, he was drowned before he could be recovered. Search was instituted for the body, which was not found until about three o'clock in the afternoon, when it was taken to the residence of the boy's mother on Vickroy street, in the Sixth ward. The Coroner held an inquest on the remains, which resulted in a verdict in accordance with the facts.

Mrs. Campbell is said to be in destitute circumstances, and the loss of her son bears much heavier on her because of the fact that about four months ago her husband left home, since which time nothing has been heard of him.

With your ice cream eat the Macaroons, Cocoanut Drops and Lady Fingers, manufactured by S. S. Marvin & Co. These goods are sold by many of the grocers, and at 91 and 93 Liberty street, at prices which are not extravagant.

WATER COMMITTEE NEWS.

Contracts for Fire Plugs and Pipe Laying Awarded—A Lengthy Communication From Contractor Hartupee—His Views Concerning the Defective Castings—The Paper Referred to the Mechanical Engineer.

The special meeting of the Water Committee held last night was called for the purpose of awarding contracts for laying water pipe on Center avenue, to connect with the reservoir on Herron's Hill, and for the construction of fire plugs. The bids for laying twenty inch, eight inch and six inch pipe on Center avenue were as follows:

	20 inch.	8 inch.	6 inch.
D. W. & R. J. McGaffin	$1.25	35	25
J. Harrison & Son	1.25	30	25
C. W. Lewis	1.15		
John J. Quinn	1.00		
Martin & Downey	40	21	20

The contract was given to Martin & Downey, provided they furnish the necessary security within five days.

The contract for furnishing fire plugs was let to Armstrong & Hutchinson at $36 each. Andrew Hartupee, who was the only other bidder, bid $36.90 each.

On motion of Mr. Harrison, the Secretary was directed to prepare an ordinance for the opening of Craig street, from Centre avenue to Ridge street, in order that it may be placed in condition for the reception of water mains to be supplied from the new works.

THE DEFECTIVE CASTINGS.

The above constituting all the business for which the meeting had been called, the rules were suspended, and the Secretary read the following communication from Andrew Hartupee regarding the cracked valve chambers:

To the Water Committee:

GENTLEMEN—The importance of the matter relating to the valve chambers for your new engines, not only to myself, but to the city, is my excuse for again asking your attention, as me it involves an expense of over $20,000; to the city it is a question of from six to nine months' time on the completion of the work. These chambers were made, some of them, over two years ago. It will require three months to make the necessary preparations for casting and finishing the first new one, and about one month for casting each additional chamber, to which must be added the time necessary for fitting up and finishing. This will take from six to nine months even if I should succeed in getting them in place without accident. To me it will be a loss of the cost of making new chambers, which is not less than $5,000 each, and the further loss of interest upon my retained pay for the additional time required to complete the work. This leaves out of view the question whether the defect is such as will justify the city in rejecting so important a part of the work, which I am not prepared to admit. I possibly am bound to make the change in accordance with instructions; the question of compensation is an after consideration.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED FOR INFORMATION.

I am aware that the state of public feeling is such that the Mechanical Engineer and the committee would probably be severely condemned if they should put in place any chamber known to be cracked, and for that reason I do not ask them to take the responsibility of doing so, but believing, as I do, that the chambers have sufficient strength if the cracked rib was entirely removed, and that the cracked rib can be repaired so as to make it even stronger and less liable to fracture in use than the solid rib of cast iron, I ask that experts be selected to determine this question. If I am right the theory I submit will not be to the interest of the city to lose valuable time and impose upon me a heavy expense in making new chambers. My reasons for so thinking are briefly these: Mr. Lowry seems to have been determined, and very properly, to have machinery undoubtedly sufficient to do the work. The chambers were therefore made very strong, and it will be found upon examination that the outside wall, without the transverse rib, will bear a tensile strain of 6,000,000 pounds more than it can ever be required to resist. The transverse rib has in it two slots extending in part of a circle, one at top and bottom, and upon one end a curved piece cut out, extending along the upper part about twelve inches and down the end about twelve inches.

LIABLE TO FRACTURE.

The cracks extend from one of these slots to the opening of this curve. At this point there will always be a strain, which is liable at any time to make a break such as is now in the chambers. The cracks complained of do not arise from imperfect casting, as is shown by the fact that they did not break until a long time after the work was done, and undoubtedly from expansion and contraction, to which they will be subject at all times. This may be remedied in several ways, to prevent the parts from giving asunder, and giving more strength than the part that was the original iron. It is not to my interest to put in any defective work or materials. First, I wish to do my duty to the city by a faithful compliance with my contract. Second, my reputation as a mechanic is at stake, and this is of some value to me. Third, I have given bonds in the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars for the faithful execution of the contract. I would not willingly risk the liability myself and bondsmen, and therefore would not put into the machinery any work or material which I was not perfectly satisfied would stand the test.

WHAT IS GUARANTEED.

By the contract I guarantee the strength as well as the quality of the materials for one year after completion. If the defect complained of impairs the strength of the chambers it is certainly safe to say that, even by twelve months operation, and as their removal would involve considerable work in removing other parts of the machinery I would not be willing to consider it entirely satisfied of its sufficiency. My interest in the matter is as great as that of the city. If these chambers cannot be made perfectly secure I do not wish to put them in. If they can I do not wish to lose the time and money necessary to make new ones. To relieve the Mechanical Engineer and the committee from a responsibility which I cannot ask them to take upon themselves, I ask that you select one, three or five scientific or practical mechanics and submit the question to them. If they say that the chambers should be strengthened I willingly make them. If they report that the chambers can be made sufficiently strong I will put them in with such repairs as may be required, and will hold myself responsible for their sufficiency in accordance with my contract.

A DISTINCT UNDERSTANDING WANTED.

The action of the Engineer and committee in this matter has shown the necessity of a strict compliance with the contract in all respects. One of its provisions is that no modifications shall be made except by approval of the committee. The plans have been in several material respects changed by the Mechanical Engineer, as he stated, by authority of the Water Commissioners. I have lately learned that the minutes of Commissioners do not show any such authority. Mr. Morrison says he has been done and some of it still remains to be done. I am unwilling to put up that which has been completed, or to make that which is to be done without a distinct understanding and agreement in reference to it. I do not wish to leave room for question hereafter as to my power to make such alterations, or as to my right to compensation for the extra work consequent upon such change. In other words, I propose to stick to the contract and require the city to do the same. I therefore ask that a meeting be had at an early day, when these matters may be considered and such action taken as may prevent trouble and loss both to the city and me.

Yours Very Respectfully,

A. HARTUPEE.

The communication was received and filed and Mr. Harrison moved that it be referred to the Mechanical Engineer.

Mr. Goldthorpe asked if it would not be better to refer it to a sub committee.

Mr. Harrison said the committee had nothing to do with the communication, and he was astonished that any should present a document of such a nature. The Mechanical Engineer and Inspector are paid for attending to the machinery, and seeing that it is in proper condition, and he thought they were the parties to whom the paper should properly be referred.

The gentleman's motion was then carried, none voting nay.

The Mechanical Engineer was directed to have plans prepared for both iron and stone bridges across Negley's Run, and present them at the next meeting of the Committee. Adjourned.

Musical Education.

It is not generally known that Prof. Pease is giving instructions in music by a *numeral notation*, which he claims is perfectly scientific, and yet so simple that children who are not more than four or five years of age may be taught to read at first sight, music which they have never seen before. The Professor claims that the organs of hearing being developed as other organs, it is rational to suppose that children may learn to distinguish tones and understand the relation of one tone to another as soon and as correctly as they can distinguish one letter of the alphabet from another, provided they can read the notation. Yesterday a representative of this paper witnessed at Prof. Pease's room, illustrative of the above, such an evidence of musical education, as leaves no room for doubt of its practicability. Two of his scholars not only showed their ability to read and sing music at first sight, but they actually repeated a tune which the Professor sang with the syllable "la," without making a single mistake. One of them gave the pitch of different tones by the use of a tuning fork, which cannot be done without education. The numeral method is not only perfect in itself, but is the shortest and most certain guide to the Guidonian notation. It is certainly a very simple way to teach music, and Prof. Pease does not make it a condition that pupils *must* use the numerals, but teaches the common notation when desired.

Notice to the Public.

You are respectfully informed that hereafter our establishment will be closed on SATURDAY EVENINGS PROMPTLY AT 9 O'CLOCK.

Thanking you most sincerely for the remarkably liberal patronage received during the present season, and assuring you of a welcome at all times, and of our best endeavors in the future to meet all your demands, we would suggest to our customers that they will not only confer a favor on us, but will also find it much more satisfactory to themselves, by making their purchases (so far as they can conveniently do so) during the morning or early hours of Saturday afternoon, as they will during these hours find our salesrooms less crowded than later on Saturdays.

Yours respectfully,

WILLIAM SEMPLE.

Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal street, Allegheny. D.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

---There were eighteen deaths in Allegheny City last week, twelve of which were under two years of age.

---The Mayor yesterday committed Wm. Reilly, of the Thirty-third ward, to jail for trial on a charge of selling liquor without license.

---Mr. William Doak, who owns a coal yard at Sandy Creek, beyond East Liberty, was seriously injured on Monday, by being thrown from a car on the track leading into one of the mines.

---By the end of this week the connection between the oil refineries of this city and the Conduit Company's pipe line will be completed, and the delivery of oil commenced on Monday next.

---Col. W. S. Moore was robbed at the Central Hotel, on Monday, of a gold watch and chain valued at $225 and fifteen dollars in money. His room was entered while he was lying on the bed asleep.

---An information was made before Alderman D. L. Smith, of Allegheny, yesterday, against a Fifth avenue photographer, for photographing and selling lewd pictures. A warrant was issued.

---The drivers on the Oakland railway are under instructions not to talk to any of the agents or members of the Humane Society. Two of the drivers were arrested yesterday for cruelty to animals.

---A small frame building in McKeesport, between Eighth and Ninth streets, and situated on the line of the railway, was burned down early yesterday morning. It was occupied by Mrs. Elgar, a widow.

---A coon dog was arrested near Noblestown on Monday, being suspected of stealing a watch from a young lady school teacher of that place. The "ticker" not being found on his person he was discharged by Squire Robbs.

---John Reilly and John Burke, who were arrested a few nights ago at the foot of Twentieth street, with a large quantity of rope in their possession, had a hearing yesterday before the Mayor, and were required to give bail for trial at Court.

---The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has just reaffirmed an old decision that in the matter of the highways, a county, township, or municipality is liable for any damages resulting from neglect of duty in keeping the highways in a proper state of repair.

---Another mile of pipe has to be laid before the main which is to connect with the new iron water tank to be located on Mt. Washington will be completed. The laying of the pipe through the hill wards is progressing as rapidly as the wet weather will permit.

---A domestic employed at the residence of a Soho family yesterday morning gavo birth to a child in the street. Patrolman Ellis discovered her and had her taken to the Fourteenth ward police station, and subsequently to the Homeopathic Hospital, where she now is. She is from Cumberland, Md.

---Albert Shear, a boy of sixteen, is wanted at the home of his father, Peter Shear, in Canton, Ohio, from whence he ran away on the 27th of last month. Sheer "ousedness" seems to constitute his afflictions, for he absconded from the parental retreat once before and was found in Pittsburgh.

---There are twenty-two summer visitors at Scalp Level just now, and this includes two families from Pittsburgh, who are taking sketches of Pere Marquette type scenery in that neighborhood. Rooms have been engaged for several who are expected at that resort during the present week.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

---Last evening Henry Bradburn was arrested on a train coming west on the Pennsylvania Railroad, at East Liberty, but jumped off the cars and made his escape before reaching Shady Side station. He was followed by the authorities as the East End, but our reporter could not learn what offense he had committed.

---A number of Pittsburgh newspaper reporters have organized a club which they call the "Elevators." Their motto is "We'll take 'em." In spite of a strictly local character, the object of the members being to do good to themselves as well as to others. It has a patent reversible financial theory, expanding in one direction and contracting in another.

---The erection of an inclined railway, in connection with the Pittsburgh & Castle Shannon Narrow Gauge Railway, which was suspended for some months, has been resumed, and in a few days the work on the wire cables will be ready next week, and the rails will be laid immediately. It is expected the incline will be in operation by the first week in August, undoubtedly from expansion and contraction, to which they will be subject at all times. This may be remedied in several ways, to prevent the parts from giving asunder, and giving more strength than the part that was the original iron. It is not to my interest to put in any defective work or materials. First, I wish to do my duty to the city by a faithful compliance with my contract. Second, my reputation as a mechanic is at stake, and this is of some value to me. Third, I have given bonds in the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars for the faithful execution of the contract. I would not willingly risk the liability myself and bondsmen, and therefore would not put into the machinery any work or material which I was not perfectly satisfied would stand the test.

---A man, whose name we were unable to learn, while riding in the caboose of a freight car on the Pan-handle Railroad, on Monday, was assailed by two tramps in the same car, who robbed and then threw him off on the track, near McDonald's station, injuring him quite severely. He had a painful gash in his neck, which had been inflicted with a knife in the hands of one of the ruffians. Dr. McCook, of McDonald's station, dressed the wounds of the injured man.

---At an early hour yesterday morning a couple of thieves entered the residence of Dr. H. E. Hutton, No. 27 Kilbuck street, Allegheny, and stole his watch and some articles of jewelry. From information received, the police arrested Patrick Haslin and Wm. Dunphy, on suspicion of being the thieves. The doctor found a watch on Haslin's person, and the probabilities are that the two men are parties wanted. They were held for hearings before Mayor Phillips.

---At Gallitzen, Wednesday morning, the Pittsburgh Express west struck a tramp named Charles Stabler, and injured him in such a manner as to produce his death shortly afterward. The deceased was a native of Holland, and aged about thirty-five years. He was walking on the track at the time the fatal accident occurred, and stepped to the south track to avoid a freight train, when the Pittsburgh Express came along and inflicted the wounds from which he died.

---The South Side reporter of the *Telegraph* was made the victim of a good natured joke on Monday by a wag who pinned a small-pox placard to his coat tail. The reporter yesterday printed his opinion of the fun in the following terms: "The man who sought to perpetrate something smart by placarding a young gentleman on the South Side yesterday, deserves nothing, viz.: That he is a contemptible fool-unworthy the name of man; an ignoramus whose deeds of noble (?) daring must eventually bring him into shame and disgrace. The victim of the dastardly trick of a man was not injured in the smallest degree." When the man read that yesterday he bowed his head and wept like a child.

PERSONAL.

***Mr. W. C. Hodge reposes for the next fortnight at Cadiz, Ohio.

***W. H. McCleary, of the Quarter Sessions Court, is rusticating in Indiana township.

***Rev. Mr. Sloan, of Allegheny city, is in London, attending the Presbyterian Conference.

***Rev. A. H. Miller has gone to Harmony, Butler county, for a fortnight's recreation and rest.

***Mr. A. W. Carsten will dwell "in a cottage by the sea" at Cape May for the next fortnight.

***D. K. McGonnigle, of the Quarter Sessions, will take in the Cleveland races during his summer saunter.

***Mr. Thomas S. Mitchell will enjoy the "loud waves' angry strife," at Atlantic City, for the next four weeks.

***Dr. W. F. Funderburg has dropped the cases of professional life for a season and gone to spend a month in Michigan.

***Rev. John Galley, of the Fourth U. P. church, will take his summer vacation among his friends at Lexington, Richland county, Ohio.

***Mr. Isaac Craig, a frequent and valued contributor to the GAZETTE, sojourns at the Rush House, Bellefonte, during the heated term.

***H. Elliott McBride, of Oakdale, ("O, Phyddle Styx!") will help to mete out justice in the United States Court, at Erie, for the next two weeks.

***Dr. Gale French, one of Pittsburgh's most popular and successful dentists, will start to-morrow for a summer saunter at South Chesterville, Maine.

***Alex. G. Herron, Chief Clerk in the office of the Court of Quarter Sessions, will view nature in her loveliest forms at Grand Junction, Green county, Iowa.

***Senator Rutan and wife are at Philadelphia, assisting in taking care of a sick brother of the former, who has been ill in that city for the past week or ten days.

***Capt. James B. Eads, the contractor for the construction of the jetties at the mouth of the Mississippi river, is in the city and stopping at the Union Depot Hotel.

***Among the many names mentioned for President of the Indiana State University is that of Dr. Hays, President of Washington and Jefferson College, of this State.

***Mr. John D. Scully, of the First National Bank of Pittsburgh, has been appointed a member of the Committee on Resolutions at the Banker's Convention at Saratoga.

***Supervising Inspector General Burnett, of Washington City, will arrive in Pittsburgh on Thursday on a tour of inspection into the condition of the Local Inspectorships on the rivers within his jurisdiction.

***Adjutant General Latta, Mr. Norris, Governor Hartranft's Private Secretary, and several other prominent gentlemen from the interior of the State, are visiting Beaver this week. They are the guests of Col. Quay.

***Rev. Mr. Hershberger of the Evangelical Lutheran church, South Side, was prostrated by the heat, and weakness on Sunday, and is now in a precarious condition. His multitude of friends, and parishioners hope for his speedy recovery.

***Lieutenant George Johnson, one of the most efficient officers of Mayor McCarthy's force, resigned yesterday. He is about connecting himself with his brother-in-law in a lucrative manufacturing business. His many friends wish him success in his new line of duty.

***The following Pittsburghers were at Belmont House, Ebensburg, last week: Jno. R. Cooper, Miss Jennie Ormsby, St. Clair Ormsby, Charles Runnette and wife, Mrs. Scott and family, Mrs. John O. Phillips and family, Mrs. J. G. Wainwright and children, Mrs. E. Wainwright, Miss Annie Wainwright, Miss Ella Wainwright, Mrs. Davis and child, James Collard and family, Thomas McLaughlin, J. W. Wainwright, Mrs. Michael Spencer, Thomas Coyle, W. F. McLaughlin and wife, Mrs. H. H. Sage and family and W. B. Herdman.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

First Session of the New Body—Candidate for County Treasurer to be Nominated—Vigilance Organizations Recommended—List of Standing Committees.

A meeting of the new County Republican Executive Committee was held yesterday afternoon at the Lincoln Club rooms. It was called to order by Chairman Errett, after which the Secretary read the list of members and sub-committees, which was slightly altered and a few additional names added. On motion of Dr. Gilmore it was then pronounced complete.

Mr. MacConnell offered the following, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we recommend to our friends throughout the country the early formation of local organizations that will serve to bring out a full Republican vote, either by the formation of Hartranft clubs or by the appointment of Committees of Vigilance for each election division.

The subjoined resolution was offered by Mr. Fetterman, and in presenting it explained the necessity of making a nomination for County Treasurer so as to be in accord with the opinion of Attorney General Dimmick which was to the effect that a Treasurer would have to be elected in this county this fall. The resolution was adopted without a dissenting vote. It is as follows:

Resolved, That the Chairman of this Committee be directed to call a Convention to be held in the Court House in the City of Pittsburgh on Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1875 at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating one candidate for the office of County Treasurer, and order the delegates to said Convention to be chosen at primary elections in the several election districts of the County, on Saturday, Sept. 4th, 1875 between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock P. M.

It was resolved on motions of Dr. Gilmore and Mr. Blakely that fifteen should constitute a quorum of the Executive Committee in addition to the chairman, and that its meetings during July and August should be held every second Tuesday.

The business for which the meeting had been called having been transacted the committee adjourned.

The standing sub-committees are as follows:

Finance Committee.—Chairman, H. W. Oliver, Jr.; Secretary, Frank P. Case. John W. Chalfant, James A. McDevitt, John Slagle, M. W. Beltzhoover, Hugh S. Fleming, John McD. Grosman, John Jones, Joseph Dilworth, Alfred Slack, Henry Lloyd, Thomas Steel, Jacob H. Walter, Wm. B. Negley, Col. Thomas M. Bayne, Jas. Ingham, Andrew Lynch, Jr., John R. McCune, E. P. Jones, Maj. A. M. Brown, Wilson McCandless, R. M. Snodgrass, H. Lee Mason, C. W. Batchelor, Joseph Walton, Jr., C. C. Gray, Thomas H. Phelps, John S. Robb, John Chislett, James A. Chambers, David McCandless, C. L. Magee, C. B. Seeley, Thos. H. Hunter, John Fitzsimmons, Arthur Robinson, Hugh McNeil, James Hall, R. W. Thomson, Thomas MacConnell, Jr., Joseph Hastings, John H. Trimble, John H. Hare.

Vigilance.—S. P. Fulton, Chairman; W. J. Diehl, Secretary; J. Vannote, R. E. Dalzell, Chas. W. Lewis, Jno. G. MacConnell, David Aiken, Jared M. Brush, W. T. Bowers, R. B. Brown, Philip Ebert, M. S. Humphreys, Jr., Sheboken, John Peck, Wm. West, H. Cordier, Ormsby Phillips, D. L. Smith, S. A. Neale, Abe Patterson, W. C. Cook, A. Laufman, Dr. C. A. Redlich, Rev. Jno. Galley, Jr., Saml. Scott, E. C. Miller, W. L. Jones, W. J. Snodgrass, J. M. G. McClurg, Jno. Caughey, Wm. Anderson.

Naturalization.—H. H. McCormick, Chairman; John Bredin, Secretary; Peter Miller, James Boyd, P. W. Seibert, Jacob Soffel, John Hieber, Lee S. Smith, J. B. Risher, F. Hampe, J. W. Over, S. McElroy, John Thomas, D. T. McGonnigle, W. Blakely, Hugh Lynch, Fred. Fetzel, C. Gerwig, Hax, John S. Lambie, John Davis, James O'Neill, David Harris, Geo. Linderman, R. E. Mercer, W. B. Rogers, Geo. Monteith, Thomas Nelson, Jas. Bayne.

Campaign—T. Fetterman, Secretary; T. S. Bigelow, A. L. Pearson, J. H. Miller, J. E. McKelvy, W. W. Tyson, N. Petrie, Wm. Neeb, C. Armster, J. M. Gazzam, Dr. J. N. Riggs, S. H. Hunter, John Dalzell, Ludwig, W. R. Brown, Theo. Luty, J. M. Schaffer, W. J. Gilmore, James McDonald, Samuel S. Steele, T. J. Bigham, B. B. Coursin, John Larimer, R. H. Hemiup, B. B. Pulford.

Music.—Capt. Jos. Stone, Chairman; E. C. Matthews, Secretary; James McBrier, David Campbell, Jos. W. Lewis, W. C. Taylor, J. J. Cormick, Jas. McCleave, D. Hazlewood, Jas. Reed, Robert Patton, Geo. Snaman, Jno. Paul, C. B. Gillespie, G. L. Braun, W. White, N. H. Voeght-ly, C. Bancroft, W. A. Kisselden, Wm. Flinn, Wm. Kober, Wm. Lendenberg, Samuel Hazlett, A. H. Rowand.

Printing.—Walton Woolsey, Chairman; Samuel McKinley, Secretary; W. E. Harriman, Jas. Scaife, Jr., Wm. Waddell, Jr., Wm. Smith, A. Dempster, Henry Baum, Thos. Reese, S. D. Sholes, W. D. Anshutz, Jno. Richards, Jno. Gilfillan, G. W. Wilson, W. C. Taylor, H. M. Long, W. F. McElvy, H. Frank, Wm. McClurg, J. L. Vaughn, Wm. Tate, James Lindsay.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

A Commercial Agency Sued for a Mistake in their Daily Publications.

Mr. C. F. McKenna will file the papers in a suit this morning on behalf of Mr. Samuel Hodgett against the Bradstreet Commercial Agency of this city, for the recovery of $5,000 damages alleged to have been sustained because of Dillinger & Stevenson, which was a mistake, and which, upon it being so represented to them, they neglected to rectify. Mr. Hodgett avers that the publication did him great damage, and induced his creditors to close in on him and sell him out at a great loss.

REDPATH VS. P. C. & ST. L. R. R.

An Action to Recover $2,500 for the Loss of a Horse.

In the Common Pleas Court No. 2 yesterday, Irvin Redpath brought suit against the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad Company to recover $2,500 for the loss of a valuable mare which was killed, as he avers, by the negligence of the company. The plaintiff says that on the 22d day of May, 1875, by consideration of $44 in hand paid, the defendant company, agreed to transport from Cincinnati, Ohio, to the stock yards at East Liberty, six horses—three mares and three geldings; that at the time the horses were put out board the car at its starting point, they were in good condition; that when the train reached a point on the railroad near Xenia, Ohio, one of the mares became frightened and jumped over the railing while the train was running at full speed, which injured her to such an extent that she died in a short time. The plaintiff avers that the accident was wholly the result of negligence on the part of the company, which failed to provide proper means for the protection of the horses. It is further set forth that the animal lost was a fine blooded mare, bought in Kentucky and that she sum paid for her was $1,500, but that she was worth in fact not less than $2,500, on account of her great speed as a trotter. The complainant therefore asks judgment against the Railroad Company for this amount. A summons was issued, returnable the first Monday in August.

CRIME IN THE CITY.

Petty Offenses and Criminalities Yesterday.

Alderman McMasters had a number of assault and battery cases before him yesterday, which were, however, of but little importance. Before this Magistrate E. E. Goodall was charged with embezzlement by O. C. Maynard agent of the New Jersey Mutual Insurance Co. in the sum of $200. The allegation is that Goodall, who used to be an agent of the company, collected $206 82 of the company's money, and kept it. He gave bail for Court.

An information was lodged against Andrew Thompson by Fred. Sagenbeck and John Corbett before Alderman Krehan of the South Side yesterday, charging the defendant with larceny by bailee. It is alleged that the accused was selected as bakeholder for a box of twenty dollars at the Powell-Denmarsh boat race, which took place a few days ago, and that since that time he has failed to turn over the money. Thompson gave bail for a hearing on Thursday.

Yesterday Michael Heffman was committed by Alderman Milliken, to await trial on a charge of cruelty to animals, preferred by Zadoc Street, Superintendent of the Humane Society.

Conrad Friend was before Alderman Kreuter yesterday on a charge of perjury, in which John Brown appeared as prosecutor. The defendant was committed to jail for a further hearing.

HEAVY FALL.

An Aged Gentleman Makes a Narrow Escape.

Last evening an aged gentleman named Wm. Davis, who resides with his son, at the corner of Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny, made a narrow escape from being very severely injured. It appears that the chimney did not draw very well, and he obtained a ladder and placed the bottom of it upon the roof of a shed in the rear of the house, and the top against the side of the house, intending to go up the ladder to fix something about the chimney. When he was some distance up the ladder the top began to slide along the side of the house, and finally fell to the ground below. Mr. Davis was thrown violently upon the pavement, and received a severe wound on the head; it was at first thought that his skull was fractured. He was carried into the house and his injuries attended to.

The Northern Pacific Railroad.

This road, with all its property and franchises, is to be sold at auction under decree of Court, August 24, in New York City, for the benefit of the first mortgage bondholders. The general body of bondholders have united in a plan for protecting their interests, by causing the road and property to be bid in for them by a Bondholders Committee, selected for the purpose. This Committee consists of Johnston Livingston, of New York, Frederick Billings, of Vermont, George Stark, of Massachusetts, J. K. Moorhead and J. N. Hutchinson, of Pennsylvania, and Jno. M. Denison, of Maryland. The plan of purchase and reorganization represented by this Committee has been unanimously approved in a general meeting of the bondholders. All bondholders, who wish to share in the benefits of the plan, or desire information, should immediately address THE PURCHASING COMMITTEE, N. P. R. R., at 23 FIFTH AVENUE, New York.

Expression of Thanks.

The Council of the German Evangelical Protestant Church congregation of Pittsburgh hereby express their sincere thanks, in the name of their whole congregation, to all the preachers, councils and teachers; to all the Protestant lodges and congregations; to the church choirs and singing societies, to the Evangelical Relief Society of Temperanceville; and, in general, to all who participated in the sacred ceremonies of the corner-stone laying on Sabbath last.

JOHN SCHMIDT, Secretary.

European Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

Dispatches received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship, Exchange and Telegraph Office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the steamer Erin at New York; steamer Navarino at New York; steamer Ville de Paris at Havre.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

[OFFICIAL LIST.]

OFFICE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, July 21, 1875.

The following letters remain uncalled for in the Pittsburgh Postoffice, WEDNESDAY, July 21, 1875.

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for advertised letters, giving the date of list.

If not called for within four weeks they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Ladies' List.

Baker S A	Lewis L	Phillips E R
Barton M	Levy P	Power M
Bauman M M 2	Liveland R	Pollock H
Bendell E	Lupton F	Richert M
Beaner M A	Mack R M	Richard M A
Bolton M	Martin A	Roberts A
Bruce M P	May L	Roberts F
Bruce F W	Miller E	Russell C
Bryan B	Mills E	Schoen F
Banan A	Morris J	Scott K
Buchie J N 2	Moord H	Shadle A
Buiford M	Moore F	Shivaler C
Cabman W J	Murphy R 3	Steiner E
Carter L	McClurg M	Stringer M
Carry Mrs	McCandless M	Taylor E
Chapman L	McCreery J	Tiera C
Chilpy Mrs	McCrea M	Tuffling A M
Chess H C	McClelland I	Tower M
Clark S	McQuaide H	Warner A L
Clark S	McDonough L	Walker C
Coleneen E	McIlwaine N	Walker A M
Coe Ada	McLaughlin K	Wallace B
Connor K B	McKee J	Walsh E
Coil S	McKee J	Walters M
Danks M	McRoberts M	Webster C C
Haller L A	McVey Mrs	Weels J
Hatfield A	McWilliams Mrs	Weygend S
Herr A M	Newberry J A	Wilson M
Hendrickson A R	Nethouse M	Williams S
Higgins A	Oliver Mrs	Williams C
Hilliard M	O'Brien M S	Worrell L B
Jones C	O'Donnell B	Woods M
Howells M J R	O'Neill M	Young M
Jaubert C	Patterson M J	
Leonard M S	Patterson A	

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 21, 1875.

Gentlemen's List.

Akers Jas	Hirst P W	Scully C
Alexander Rev J M